Library of Congress

Guaranteed Bona-Fide, Every-Day Circulation Larger Than That Of Any Other Daily Newspaper Published in Wilmington.

OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN THE STATE.

THE MORNING STAR.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One Year, by Mail,	$5.00
Six Months, "	2.50
Three Months, "	1.25
Two Months, "	1.00

Delivered to Subscribers in the City at 45 Cents per Month.

VOL. LXVII.--NO. 107. WILMINGTON, N. C., SUNDAY, JANUARY 27, 1901. WHOLE NO. 10,434

The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

The big battleship Illinois will be ready for preliminary trial some time next month. —— No important business transacted in either branch of Congress. —— Contracts for naval work aggregating seven and a half million dollars signed at the Navy Department. —— Boers captured a train with troops and military stores. —— Freight train on the S. A. L. wrecked near Columbia, S. C.; Engineer Fetters was fatally wounded. ——The probability of an extra session of Congress is being discussed in Washington. —— Neely, former postal official, taken from jail and put on a steamer for Cuba. —— The Josiah Morris Bank, at Montgomery, Ala., failed; deposits believed to be heavy. —— Three children burned to death in their home at Kansas City, Mo. —— Residence of George Fleming, agent of the S. A. L. at Watertown, Fla., destroyed by fire, and two of his children burned to death. —— Many thousand dollars' worth of revenue stamps stolen from the safe of the revenue collector at Peoria, Ill. —— New York markets: Money on call easy at 1½ per cent.; cotton dull, middling uplands 10¾c.; flour was rather quiet but held at an advance on the strength in wheat; wheat—spot strong, No. 2 red 82¾c.; corn—spot steady, No. 2 48c.; rosin quiet, strained common to good $1.70; spirits turpentine dull at 40@40¼c

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., Jan. 26.

Temperatures: 8 A. M., 28 degrees; 8 P. M., 41 degrees; maximum, 46 degrees; minimum, 27 degrees; mean, 36 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, —; rainfall since 1st of the month up to date, 1.67 inches.

Stage of water in the Cape Fear river at Fayetteville, at 8 A. M., 5.3 feet.

FORECAST FOR TO DAY.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—For North Carolina—Occasional rains Sunday; higher temperature; fresh to brisk easterly winds, becoming southerly. Monday fair.

Port Almanac---January 27.

Sun Rises	7 03 A. M.
Sun Sets	5 22 P. M.
Day's Length	10 H. 19 M.
High Water at Southport.	12 14 A. M
High Water Wilmington.	2 44 A. M.

A Chicago shoe shiner has accumulated $30,000 by shining. He is a shining example to the other shiners.

The Kansas Legislature has decided that a nickel is a reasonable price for shining shoes, and some of these solons have awfully large clod mashers, too. They didn't consider that.

The Long Island truck growers are forming a cauliflower trust, a sort of aristocratic cabbage combine, which proposes to cabbage all it can from those who hanker for cauliflower.

The indications are that the total appropriations of this session of Congress may reach $753,000,000. Republicanism and expansion come high and people must pay for the luxuries.

The fact that Kentucky last year built only 33.35 miles of railroad the Louisville *Courier-Journal* does not consider encouraging. Kentucky spends too much time raising hades to build much railroad.

Over in Europe they are wondering at one of the products of Minnesota, a 26-year old chap named Wilkins, who at 10 years of age measured six feet in height and now stands 8 feet 11¼ inches and weighs 346 pounds, before breakfast.

Prof. Garner still contends that monkeys have a language. He has been monkeying with it for some time, but hasn't gotten through the primer yet. The monkey understands Garner's language a great deal than Garner understands his.

Some of the Massachusetts towns are starting wood yards where tramps have to saw for food and lodging. A quarter of a cord of wood is the price of lodging and two meals. The average tramp, who is averse to tackling wood piles, gives these towns the go by.

It is said that the fashionable women of London are going back to the days of the Cæsars, and will have their arms and shoulders artestically painted, frescoed as it were, when in evening dress. They have been painting their faces for some time.

Alfred de Cordova, a wealthy broker of New York, who has no children, will adopt Georgiana Billings, of Colorado, a poor girl, whose drawings of animals excited his admiration. She has never taken lessons, and he says some of her work will compare favorably with Rosa Bonheur.

LOCAL DOTS.

— Schooner *Nellie Floyd*, hence for New York, passed out at Southport 9 A. M. yesterday.

— L'Arioso German Club's January german will be danced in the Masonic Temple ball room Tuesday night.

— The STAR acknowledges with thanks receipt of a handsome calendar from the New York Life Insurance Company, of which Mr. W. N. Cronly is special agent.

— John Odam, the young man who was so seriously wounded Christmas, is again confined at the City Hospital for treatment. The wound on his head was not so well healed as first expected.

— Papers were recorded at the Court House yesterday transferring from Sol. Sternberger to S. A. Schloss *et al.*, property 66x165 feet, situated on Fifth street between Chesnut and Princess; consideration $100.

— Next Wednesday evening, from 6:30 to 11 o'clock, an entertainment will be given in the lecture room at the First Baptist Church for the benefit of a worthy cause. A programme of music and recitations will be observed.

— Lieut. Bradley J. Wootten, of Wilmington, who is now in the Philippines, with the U. S. army, has been placed in command of one hundred mounted scouts in advance of General Kobe's army. It is an important position, which his friends here know he will fill with great credit to himself.

— The STAR is requested to state that the annual meeting of the United Circle of The King's Daughters and Sons will be held next Tuesday at 10.30 A. M., at the residence of Mr. James H Chadbourn, 117 South Third street. The members, and also the members of the subordinate circles, are urged to be present.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

S. W. Sanders—Butter.
N. F. Parker—Look in.
Warren's Cafe—For ladies.
Meeting—United Charities.
C. W. Yates & Co.—Golf!
S. & B. Solomon.—To the trade.
Geo. O. Gaylord—Rig Racket Store.
M. H. Curran—Do you need a suit?
J. H. Rehder & Co.—Clearing sale.
VonGlahn & Gibson—Can't complain
Bell Telephone Co—New subscribers

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Wanted—Manager.
Widower—Wants wife.
Wanted—Energetic man.
Notice—Malicious rumor.
Wednesday—Entertainment.
P. H Hayden—Buggies, harness.
To Gentleman—Who got wrong hat.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mr. John McIntyre is here on a visit.

— Mr. Thos. Pescud, of Raleigh, is at The Orton.

— Mr. Ben Solomon left last night for New York.

— Mr. B. J. Price, of Cronly, N. C., was here yesterday.

— Dr. W. T. Smith went to Warsaw yesterday to spend Sunday.

— Mr. D. H. Wallace, of Wallace, returned home yesterday.

— Capt. L. D. Potter, wife and child went to Southport yesterday.

— Mrs. Haywood Clark left yesterday for Tarboro to visit friends.

— Mr. Starke S. Batchelor, of Raleigh, and a prominent insurance man, is at The Orton.

— Mr. Edward G. Polley returned last evening from Wallace, where he spent several days with relatives.

— Miss Amelia Brunhild, of New York, after visiting in the city for a few days, left last night for home.

— Capt. S. L. Dill, superintendent of the A. & N. C. railroad, accompanied by his wife, is at The Orton.

— Capt. John H. Devereux, government inspector of public buildings, arrived last evening from Charleston.

— Misses Carrie and Lillie Drew, of Southport, after a pleasant visit to friends in the city, returned home yesterday.

— Miss Alice Rheinstein, after a pleasant visit to relatives and friends in Wilmington, left last evening, returning home.

— Mr. J. E. O'Donnell, of the National Cash Register Company, accompanied by his wife, arrived in the city yesterday.

— Capt. J. F. Bussells, one of the promoters of the Menhaden fishery down the river, arrived yesterday morning. He says the steamer *Clara Ellen* will be in port next week from Norfolk, where she has been laid up several days for repairs.

The Steamer "Hawes."

The steamer *E. A. Hawes* will be placed on the ways at Skinner's shipyard during the coming week for repairs of the serious injuries sustained in the accident of sinking at her wharf a little more than a week ago. Mr. Jim Andrews, of Fayetteville, is here to do the work and it is expected that a week or two will be consumed in the improvement. It was thought at first that it would be best to have the *Hurt* tow the derelict to Fayetteville for repairs but this was abandoned.

Be sure to go to Rehder's this week. †

GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

The Appointive Power of the Governor of North Carolina to Be Restored.

CONSTITUTION AMENDMENTS.

Winston's Bill Providing for Permanent Registration of Citizens--The School Books Bill--Acts Ratified—Debate on Bill to Tax Dogs.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., Jan. 26.—The appointive power of the Governor of North Carolina in filling vacancies in all State offices is to be restored by the General Assembly. This is one result of the caucus of the Democratic members held last night, a partial report of the proceedings of which was given in a special STAR telegram. The caucus adopted a resolution to the effect that the Governor's appointive power shall be restored, as this power "was taken from the Governor in 1899 for good and sufficient reasons"—meaning, of course, because the Republican Populist regime was in possession of the executive branch of the State government. A bill in accord with the resolution adopted by the joint caucus will be introduced in the General Assembly very soon, as will also a bill providing for an increase of the number of Superior Court judges. It is very probable that the bill will provide for an increase to sixteen judges.

Early in the coming week there will be a meeting of the Committee on Constitutional Amendments to consider Representative Winston's bill providing for the permanent registration of citizens entitled to vote under the fourth clause of the constitution, and the bill by Mr. Stubbs to have the State public school funds divided among the white and colored races in proportion to the amount of tax each pays.

Mr. Winston's bill for permanent registration is in compliance with a provision of the "grandfather" clause of the suffrage amendment ratified last August.

During the coming week the Committee on Penal Institutions will spend several days out of the city visiting the State farms on Roanoke river, and the joint Committee on Education will visit the Normal and Industrial School at Greensboro. The latter committee will be glad of a little breathing spell, too, in all probability, for there is scarcely a committee of the entire Assembly being subjected just now to such a swarm of persistent lobbyists as is that on education. The State adoption text book bill, which is now in their hands for revision and recommendation, being the cause of the trouble. Referring to the text book bill, it seems now that one of the strongest fights which will be made against it in the Assembly will be on incorporating a clause making it a misdemeanor for books other than those adopted to be taught in a public school. Many members of the House object to this, but it is claimed that without a clause effectually enforcing the use of the books adopted, the whole scheme would be a failure. Book publishers contend that after they have entered the contest, reduced their books to the lowest bid and secured the contract, they must be protected in their right to the exclusive territory. Next Tuesday is the date set for the further and probable final hearing of the agents of book concerns on the various clauses of the bill. However, the last and hardest fight will be on the floor of the General Assembly when it comes to enacting the bill into law. There is a disposition on the part of the General Assembly to treat the University of North Carolina and the Agricultural and Mechanical College very liberally both will probably get nearly if not all they ask for. The University's request for $35,000 additional appropriation while not yet passed upon by the committee to whom the bill is referred seems certain of favorable report and adoption by the Assembly. Much enthusiasm for and interest in the University was manifested at the reception by Wake county alumni to visiting alumni last night. The attendance was very large and ringing speeches were made by several prominent citizens, notably President Venable, Hon. R. B. Glenn, Dr. Geo. T. Winston, R. T. Gray, Esq., and Ed Chambers Smith. Every alumnus here and almost every where else in the State is working like beavers for all the institution wants.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

Twenty-seven acts of the General Assembly were ratified to day, among which were the following: To protect deer in Onslow county; to amend Section 692 of the Code relating to collection of taxes from persons moving from one county to another; to prevent the erection of artificial islands in Myrtle Grove sound; to authorize commissioners of Jones county to appoint cotton weighers for Trenton, Maysville and Pollocksville.

There was a long discussion of the House bill, by Rothrock of Rowan, to tax dogs fifty cents each for the educational fund. The bill was favored by Rountree, Winston, Shannonhouse, Allen of Wayne, Connor and others. McLean, of Scotland, opposed it bitterly, and served notice that he would press a bill to tax cats also. Said the State was at a pretty pass if poor dogs have to bear the burden to educate children of North Carolina. Before a third reading the bill was referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Bill to incorporate the North Carolina Veterinary Association came up on final reading, but opposition by Daughteridge caused re-reference to the Agricultural Committee. The opposition is on the ground that many so-called doctors' practice will endanger stock interests. Winston said the object of the bill was simply to eliminate from the profession "Quack" graduates' malpractice.

The following bills of interest passed final reading: To allow sheriffs and tax collectors to collect back taxes to 1895; to authorize the Secretary of State to have laws of 1901 indexed and side-noted; to incorporate the Bank of Clinton.

The House adjourned to 7:30 Monday morning, as the result of a joke intended by Mr. Rountree for Mr. Graham. The latter insists on early sessions and always favors meeting at 9 30. Mr. Rountree jokingly moved adjournment to 9 o'clock. Mr. Curtis amended to 7:30. Mr. Rountree accepted the motion and before the members realized the purport of the motion, the question was put and carried. The clock will probably be stopped at 7:30 Monday to hold the hour for the convenience of members till ten or noon.

In the Senate the London libel bill passed a third reading and was sent to the House. Also, a bill to authorize a salary for the chairman of New Hanover commissioners; to permit Craven county to levy a special tax; to allow Goldsboro to issue graded school bonds, (second reading); to exempt Pender county from the road law of '99, (third reading); to amend the act relative to Smithfield dispensary, (third reading); to amend the stock law of Johnston county, (third reading); Marshall's "Crumpacker" bill (laid on table); to incorporate Fayetteville Savings and Trust Company, (second reading); to allow lunatics, restored, to manage their own property, (second reading); to authorize the Board of Public Works to elect a keeper of the capitol, (passed third reading); to amend the charter of the Bank of Carthage, (passed third reading); to elect a State librarian February 1st, (passed third reading).

There was a long and spirited discussion involving the charter of Lamb's ferry, Elizabeth City. The Legislature of 1897 reduced the ferry franchise from three to two miles. The bill amending restores to three miles and crowds out a competing line established. The bill passed—29 to 12.

Among the bills introduced were the following:

By Smith, to appoint Justices of the Peace for Johnston county.

By Broughton, to increase the public school fund of various counties.

The following committees were announced by Lieutenant Governor Turner:

On House Apportionment—McNeal, chairman; Vann, Sugg, Arrington, Scott, Alexander, Long, Wood, Stikeleather.

On Congressional Districts—Brown, chairman; James, Travis, McNeal, Smith, Foushee, Gudger, Leak, Webb, Thomas, Crisp.

On Judicial Districts—Morrison, chairman; Ward, Woodard, Warren, London, Justice, Lindsey, Henderson, Gudger, Dula.

The Senate took a recess to noon Monday.

The House Committee on Privileges and Elections decided to-night to report favorably for the sitting member, Dees (Democrat), in the contest from Pamlico. Cowell (Republican) is the contestant.

The Committee on Education decided to report unfavorably Wright's bill to require the Bible to be taught in the public schools.

S. F. Venable, superintendent of the Buncombe county schools, addressed the Education Committee, urging the Legislature to do as little as possible in changing school laws this year, and appoint a commissioner to prepare a general law for the next session. The speech made a deep impression on the committee. He urged liberal appropriations, but said great care was necessary in changing laws to establish a permanent system.

"THE MINISTRY OF MUSIC."

Special Service at First Baptist Church To-night--Very Elaborate Programme by Choir and Orchestra.

"The Ministry of Music" will be the subject of a special sermon by the Rev. Calvin S. Blackwell, D. D., at the First Baptist Church to-night and through the efforts of Mr. A. S. Holden and Prof. A. H. Yopp, the organist, a programme of new, beautiful and appropriate music has been arranged. The public is cordially invited to the service and as a sufficient number of ushers will be in waiting, there will be no difficulty about seats. The programme is as follows:

Overture, (Bach) by orchestra.
Doxology by the choir and congregation.
Invocation by the pastor.
Chorus, "The Prayer," (Marchetti).
Scripture reading by the pastor.
Quartette, "O For a Closer Walk With God," (Protheroe). Miss Lillian Caldwell, soprano; Mrs. Jas. D. Smith, alto; Mr. C. H. Cooper, tenor, and Mr. A. S. Holden, baritone.
Collection and Intermezzo, "Cavalleria Rusticana," (Mascagni), by the orchestra.
Invocation by the pastor.
Duet, "Guide me Thou Great Jehovah," Prof. James E Willson, cornet, and A. S. Holden baritone, with violin and organ accompaniment by Profs. N. L. Smith and A. H. Yopp.
Sermon by the pastor.
Quartette, Softly Now the Light of Day" (Shepard), Miss Nellie Platt, soprano; Mrs. F. A. Muse, alto; Mr. C. H. Cooper, tenor; Mr. A. S. Holden, baritone.
Prayer by the pastor.
Hymn, No. 518, "Onward, Christian Soldiers" (A. H. Yopp) by the chorus.
Benediction by the pastor.
Religious March (Crosby) by the orchestra.

The orchestra will be composed as follows: Prof. A. H. Yopp, organist; Profs. N. L. Smith and S. A. Schloss, violins; Mr. W. A. Martin, flute; Miss Elizabeth D. Bartt, cello; Prof. James E. Willson, cornet; Mr. Robert H. Morris, slide trombone.

The chorus will be Mrs. John J. Fowler, Mrs. Charles Blomme, Misses Lillian Dean Caldwell, Annie Platt, Nellie Platt and Daisy McIntire, sopranos; Mrs. Jas D. Smith, Mrs. F. A. Muse and Miss E. L. Waddell, altos; Messrs. Jas. D. Smith, C. H. Cooper, E. Schulken and W. L. Williford, tenors; Messrs. C. S. Grainger, Arthur D. Kinsman and A. S. Holden, basses.

Fifty and 75c Hats 19c at Rehder's. †

AMERICAN CONSOLIDATED PINE FIBRE COMPANY.

Wealthy New York Corporation Acquires Acme Fibre Plant at Cronly—About $250,000 Involved.

Final details of the purchase of the Acme Manufacturing Company's pine fibre plant at Cronly, 17 miles from Wilmington, in Columbus county, to the American Consolidated Pine Fibre Company, 135 Broadway, New York, were arranged yesterday and the property, together with the Acme's patents covering the processes of decorticating the needles of long leaf pine and their conversion into fibre, franchises, etc., passed over into the possession of the new corporation, which has a capital stock of $2,000,000 and which will continue the business most probably on a much larger scale than heretofore. The factory here will be much enlarged and new ones established throughout the long leaf belt in the South.

The sale was consummated through Mr. Henry E Fanshawe, president of the company, for the purchasers and Mr. William Latimer, president of the Acme Manufacturing Company, for the late owners. The price paid was between $200,000 and $300,000, but the exact amount is unknown, as none of the parties to the transaction will authorize a statement. Accompanying Mr. Fanshawe to Wilmington were Harmon S. Graves, Esq., of the New York law firm of Lester & Graves, general counsel for the company, Mr. Montgomery Waddell, of New York, consulting engineer, and Mr. Charles Pierpont Phelps, who came to look after some copper mining interests in North Carolina. These gentlemen visited the plant yesterday and left for their homes last evening after receiving the necessary deeds, etc., for record in Columbus county in which the plant is located.

The factory was established at Cronly about fifteen years ago and came prominently to the attention of the South when the pine fibre bagging was manufactured so largely and put on sale in opposition to the jute trust It was the pioneer industry of its kind in the country and since its establishment, has not only manufactured bagging, but also matting, twine, paper stock, rugs, etc The new owners of the factory will increase the variety of its products and will not only cater to the American, but also to the European trade.

The sale in no way affects the large fertilizer plant of the Acme Manufacturing Co., also at Cronly, which is running on full time and rushed with orders.

THE CRESCENT STOCK COMPANY.

Popular Repertoire Aggregation of Artists That Will Be Welcomed Here Again.

The theatre goers of Wilmington with singular unanimity pronounce the Crescent Stock Company, which closed an unprecedentedly successful week's engagement at the Opera House last evening, the best repertoire company that has visited the city in late years and unquestionably equal, if, indeed, not superior, to many of the so-called higher priced attractions that come this way each season. The inimitable Guy Woodward, the charming little soubrette, Miss Carrie Louis in the cast; the Glees, Peter Seymour and others in specialty work, and the splendid Ladies' Orchestra, all contributed to the success and the company in its entirety is cheerfully commended to theatre devotees wherever they may be.

Mr. A. B. Simkins, the genial manager of the company, is a past grand in gathering about him the best that money can buy in the line of artists and Wilmington will again next season accord to the company which he brings that liberal patronage which characterized the past week's engagement from beginning to end.

The ladies' handsome gold watch at the matinee yesterday afternoon was given to Miss Irma Webster, South Front street, and the $10 gold prize last night was captured by Master Everett Ewing, they having held the lucky numbers in the two ingeniously devised contests provided by the management during the week.

THE PLAY TO-MORROW NIGHT.

"A Young Wife" Will Be Presented by Mr. Frank Tannehill, Jr.

Frank Tannehill, Jr., the well known comedian, appears here to-morrow night at the head of "A Young Wife" Company presenting this successful play. Mr. Tannehill as "Horace Greengage Dobbins" is said to be excellent in this part. A recent paper, speaking of his performance, said: "Mr. Frank Tannehill, Jr., made a most decided hit. He was the Vermonter to the life. 'A clever person' as New Englanders say, was Mr. Dobbins, or 'Hod' as he preferred to be called, who was not as green as he at first seemed. His experiences in the city helped out his wisdom teeth, and he it was who finally succeeded in unravelling the tangled thread of circumstances. In every situation he was up to the mark. He was irresistibly funny when he first came to the city, acute enough when the life of his friend, as well as his own, depended upon his discretion, and manly and thoroughly admirable in his capacity for friendship and affection."

Seats are now on sale.

— Mr. H. E. Wells, of the N. C. Cotton Oil Company, was in the city yesterday.

Great clearing sale at Rehders's. †

A VERDICT RENDERED

Jury in the Case of Fowler vs. Fowler Decided in Favor of the Plaintiff.

AFTER SEVENTEEN HOURS.

The Superior Court Had Little to Do Yesterday and Adjourned Early—Shepard Suits Against Railroad Company Come Up This Week.

After remaining out all night, the jury in the case of Mrs. Zillah Fowler vs. Jno. J. Fowler, involving a title to real estate, came into court yesterday morning at 10:20 o'clock and rendered a verdict in favor of the plaintiff, having answered both issues in the affirmative as follows:

"Did deceased W. G. Fowler execute and deliver to his wife, Zillah Fowler, plaintiff, for love and affection, the deed or instrument set out and referred to in Section 3 of the complaint?" "Yes."

"Did said W. G. Fowler intend to convey instead of first lot mentioned in said instrument, the tract of land set out and described in Section 2 of complaint—that is the land in controversy and was the misdescription made by mistake of parties?" "Yes."

The verdict eliminates all charges of forgery, which were really the only interesting points to the general public in the whole hearing. It is learned that the case will now go to the Supreme Court.

The session of the court yesterday was short, an adjournment having been taken at 11 o'clock until to-morrow at 10 A. M. Only three unimportant cases were called during the day and these were disposed of as follows:

Roberts & Hoge vs. Jno. T. Bland; plaintiffs called and failed; non suit ordered, plaintiffs and sureties to pay costs.

A. V. Horrell vs. Etta Madge Horrell, divorce granted.

Beulah Foy vs. J. C. Foy, divorce granted.

The two last named cases were called up from the motion docket and were submitted to a jury as follows: M. F. Beasley, W. H. Todd, George Grant, O. A. Wiggins, William Simpson, W. F. Penny, Lewis Gordon, J. H. Holton and A. J. Hanby.

Judge Hoke requested that the members of the bar meet and arrange the calendar of the motion docket, which will be taken up Friday or Saturday, as the attorneys interested prefer, motions for setting aside verdicts and for judgments to take precedence.

Twenty talesmen were drawn for duty to-morrow with the regular jury, and they are as follows: W. L. Rogers, J. W. Plummer, Jr., A. H. Zoeller, J. R Kenly, Jno. M. Wright, M. A. Jones, T. J. Scott, H. G. Smallbones, B. B. Humphrey, H. L. Fentress, F. L. Mintz, J. H. Daw, Geo. O. Gaylord, E R. McGowan, C. Tietgen, Jno. H. Kuck, Nathan Schloss, S. A. Schloss, C. D. Yarborough and J. L. Rogers.

The regular jury as drawn by the commissioners is as follows: Jack Wells, J. Hicks Bunting, D. S. Weeks, Wm. Walton, C. W. Yates, J. H. Strauss, J. N. Burriss, W. A. Willson, Sr., W. G. Whitehead, W. A. Piner, R. G. Litgen, Thos. J. Pae, J. C. Rowan, W. W. Roberts, Geo. F. Quinn, R. C. Orrell, Thos. A. Price and Jno. T. Smith.

On tomorrow the damage suits against the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company of South Carolina, which were brought by Mr. J. C. Shepard, Jr., and wife, each for $50,000, will be taken up. The attorneys for the plaintiff are Herbert McClammy, Esq., and Bellamy & Bellamy; for the defendant Rountree & Carr, Junius Davis, Esq., and Bellamy & Peschau.

Piano Recital Yesterday.

The usual Saturday afternoon piano recital at Schubert Hall was given at 4.30 o'clock yesterday afternoon, during the progress of which the following programme was delightfully rendered:

"Curious Story," (Heller) by Miss Virginia Powers, a pupil of Miss Carrie May VonGlahn.

"Angels Serenade," (Krogmann) by Miss Katie Gieschen, a pupil of Miss Fannie Corbett.

"Off to Dreamland," (Eilenberg) by Miss Jessie Lathrop, a pupil of Miss Carrie May VonGlahn.

"Second Valse," (Godard) by Miss Marie Clawson, a pupil of Mrs. M. L. Chasten.

The N. C. Naval Militia.

The current number of the *Naval Service Gazette* has a very interesting letter concerning Wilmington Division, Naval Reserves, written by Mr. J. Edwin Bunting, Jr. The article is descriptive of the company itself and also relates the story of its recent trip to Raleigh. The article calls forth a a letter from the editor of the periodical in which it is published, asking for particulars concerning the auxiliary organization of "Royal Grand Bouncers" and the practicability of its introduction in the North.

Schooner in Distress.

The schooner *Clara E. Bergen*, 457 tons, Capt. Edwards, bound from Charleston to New York with lumber, put in at Southport at 10 A. M. yesterday on account of a leak which she sprung a short time after sailing from Charleston. She will likely repair here and proceed either under her own sail or in tow for her destination.

Bargains at Rehder's this week. †

DO YOU NEED A SUIT?

IF SO, IT IS TO YOUR INTEREST TO CALL ON US BEFORE BUYING....

We are offering big values at present. We sell only the best Imported Fabrics and our trimmings and workmanship are in keeping with the quality of our goods.

Have you a Tuxedo Suit? If not, we can make you one on Short notice. Did you ever try the Japanette Handkerchief? We also have Silk and Linen.

Furnishing Goods of every kind. Underwear at Cost.

M. H. CURRAN, 107 Princess St.

jan 27 tf

To the Wholesale Trade.

We now offer for immediate and Spring delivery a choice assortment of Ducks, Piques, Pants Cloths and everything generally sold in the Dry Goods line

Prices guaranteed to be the Lowest.

S. & B. Solomon.

jan 27 tf

Great Clearing Sale at Rehder's,

Fourth St. Bridge. For one week only.

MONDAY, JANUARY 28, to SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 2.

☞ We want to make a clean sweep of Winter Goods, and have marked a price on the goods that they are bound to go for.

Car fare paid on purchases of $2.00 and up.

Read Circulars for some of the prices.

jan 27 tf

To City Subscribers.

City subscribers are earnestly requested to report promptly at the STAR office every failure of the carriers to deliver their papers. In all such cases steps will be taken to insure prompt and regular delivery.

For Whooping Cough use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a majority of the Corporators of the Southport, Wilmington & Western Railroad Company, which was chartered pursuant to articles of association filed on the 2nd day of September, 1899, will apply to the General Assembly of North Carolina at the present session thereof to pass an act to repeal the charter of said company.

FREDERICK M. LEONARD, Attorney.

jan 25 30d

For Ladies.

HOT CHOCOLATE AND CAKE

For 5 cents . . .

AT

WARREN'S CAFE,

jan 27 tf 22 North Front street.

A WILLIAM GOAT IS A GOOD

Butter.

BUT THE BEST AND ONLY BEST IS THE "CLOVER HILL" BRAND FOX RIVER

Butter.

For reasons of my own, I am now selling this

Butter 30c lb.

Same price you pay for inferior goods, SEE?

30c, 30c, 30c, 30c, 30c, 30c, 30c, 30c, 30c, 30c, 30c, 30c, 30c.

S. W. SANDERS,

jan 27 tf AT THE UNLUCKY CORNER.

Opera House

Monday, January 28.

The Popular Comedian FRANK TANNEHILL, JR., and his company

Present here for the first time the great success of last season,

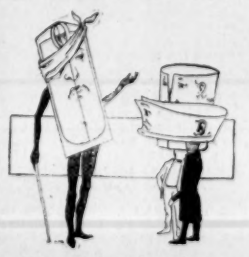
A YOUNG WIFE.

A Play of Life in New York.

100 times at the 14th Street Theatre, New York A play that every man who loves a good woman should see.

See the great Den Scene.

Hear the famous song, "Everything is Lovely on the Bowery." jan 25 3t



YOU CAN'T COMPLAIN

about your Linen if you buy it from us. We have Shirts that are made to fit, and Collars and Cuffs that are right up to the minute in style. Our aim is to secure the very best goods made, and to sell them to you at the lowest possible prices, all we ask is a chance to convince you that we are succeeding.

VonGlahn & Gibson,

jan 27 tf No. 5 North Front street.

Choice and Exclusive.

Naming a price without regard to quality does not make a continued successful business. You may put on the pacific an inferior goods one time and maybe two times, but not all the time. We are in fine cigar business to win; and knowing it is only a question of quality that counts with a discriminating public, we have made it a question of Quality first, Quality last, and Quality all the time. We positively claim

THAT "Renown," "Cuban Blossom" Cigars

ARE THE BEST VALUE FOR THE MONEY

sold on any market. If your grocer won't sell them because of the small margin of profit to him, we can tell you who does.

VOLLERS & HASHAGEN,

Cigar Manufacturers' Agents.

jan 6 tf

Why Pay $200 for a fine Bedroom Suit

WHEN YOU CAN GET JUST AS FINE A SUIT

For $150.00 from

E. M. ANDREWS,

The Furniture Dealer,

jan 25 tf 117 SOUTH FRONT STREET.

New Subscribers

to the Southern Bell Telephone, please cut this out and paste in your Directory:

654—Mrs. J. I. Macks, res., 622 Dock street.
650—Dr. J. C. Wessell, res., 110 South Fifth street.
649—F. L. Huggins, res., 20 North Eighth street.
657—W. B. Savage, Supt. Lights, res., 605 Castle street.
656—W. W. Thigpen, Engineer, res., 719 Princess street.
653—Mrs. G. A. Bronson, res., 419 Grace street.
655—R. H. Brady, res., 408 Church street.
620—Wm. H. Moore, News Agent, Printer and Painter, 14 Grace street.
644—Allen & Batson, Grocers, 203 Market street.
651—W. W. Murrell, Wood Yard, North Water street.
658—J. T. Smith, Grocer, corner Front and Castle streets.
647—Imperial Pine Product Co. Works, F. L. Huggins Supt. Smith's Creek. jan 27 1t

Look In!

My Show Windows for Daily Reduction Bargains.

N. F. PARKER,

Furniture and Furniture Novelties,

111 Market street, Inter-State 421.

Bell 'Phone 613. jan 20 tf

United Charities.

There will be a meeting of the Directors and Superintendents of the United Charities on Monday, January 28, 1901, at 3 P. M., at the Chesnut Street Presbyterian Church, to make arrangements for the Fair. All are earnestly requested to be present.

Rev. J. A. Bonner, President; J. H. Whiteman, General Manager; T. Eliasaph Fry, Secretary. jan 27 1t

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, JANUARY 27.

DISCUSSING SOUTHERN MILLS.

Some of the Northern papers outside of New England are taking a good deal of interest in the cotton manufacturing industry and seem to be concerned about New England's mills, which are threatened, they think, by Southern competition. One would not expect to find a paper as far West as Chicago manifesting extraordinary interest in this subject but the *Times-Herald* of that city seems to be very much exercised over it, so much so that that the Washington *Post* takes it somewhat to task for its gloomy forebodings and unwarranted statements. It asserts that the cotton manufacturing industry is "almost at a standstill" in the New England States, where it probably meant to have said that cotton mill building was almost at a standstill, which is not literally true but is true when compared with mill building in the South. About the only substantial difference between the *Times-Herald* and the *Post*, which lectures the *Times-Herald*, is that the latter anticipates the former and assumes that the end of cotton manufacturing in New England has already been "almost" reached, while the *Post* thinks that it is but a question of time. Commenting upon the *Times Herald's* assertions as to the decline of the industry in New England, the *Post* says: "But there has been no such decline. In spite of Southern competition—a competition that is bound at some time to extinguish the cotton manufacturing business throughout the North—the New England mills did an almost phenomenally large and profitable business last year." Last year was a good year for cotton mills throughout the country, for the Southern mills declared handsome dividends and the dividends of the New England mills were larger than usual, in addition to which the country imported about $20,000,000 worth of cotton goods.

The *Post* is right in assuming that the New England mills will eventually disappear before Southern competition, because it is an irrevocable law of manufacturing that the mills must go to the raw materials, unless some way be found of bringing the raw materials to the mills, some way that will offset the advantages offered by being near the raw materials. But in the case of the South there are other advantages aside from the mere fact of proximity to the raw material, effecting a saving in the cost of transportation, etc., which in the estimation of the *Times-Herald* is the main factor with the Eastern mills, and the one that gives the Southern mills the great advantage, when as a matter of fact this is a minor advantage, and if the only one need give the Eastern mill men little concern.

The time will come when the cotton milling industry will move Southward, but it may not be in this day or generation, not while the country imports as much as it does of cotton goods, nor while the New England mills have so much territory which they can reach more easily than the Southern mills can, nor while the New England capitalists have so many millions of dollars invested in buildings and machinery as they now have in the New England States. They can't afford to sell this machinery for junk, and they can't afford to let their plants go to wreck. They must keep them running even at a small profit until they can dispose of them or find something else which they can make and realize a profit out of. Some may be converted eventually into woollen mills and silk mills, while the manufacture of linens has been suggested for others, but although the change must come in time it will come gradually and slowly, other industries taking the place of cotton, so that the New England States may not suffer materially after all by the change. In the following extract the *Times-Herald* gives what it considers the main cause of the decline of the industry in New England:

"A far more potent reason for transferring this industry to the South is found in the unwise and oppressive 'labor legislation' that has been placed upon the statute books of the New England States by the politicians as a sop to the labor vote. In order to bait the labor vote legislators have assumed to fix the hours of labor in the cotton mills and to enact other regulations which not only make it impossible to manufacture cotton cloths at a profit but are directly opposed to the wishes and interests of those who work in the textile industries. In the Southern States textile manufacturers are not hampered by laws that tend to restrict the liberties and opportunities of wage earners. They have not reached the Massachusetts idea of undertaking to run the business of private concerns in the interest of political agitators and office seekers. The loss of a great industry to which New England owes much of its wealth and power is a big price to pay for the labor vote for politicians."

The *Post* comments on this and calls the *Times-Herald* to task for its erroneous views and inappropriate characterizing of the labor laws of Massachusetts as the work of demagogues and politicians, when as a matter of fact they are, according to the *Post*, the conception and achievement of some of the greatest minds of that State and are to-day its boast and pride.

But the *Times Herald* was probably misled by the appeals of some of the mill men for a modification of the labor laws, which have been made from time to time within the past few years on the ground that the restrictive laws of Massachusetts were acting to the disadvantage of that State, when her mills had to compete with Southern mills which were not hampered by such legislation. It based its utterances doubtless upon the speeches made in meetings of mill men where this question was discussed and the legislators warned against ruining the industry of that State by too much meddling between the mills and their operatives.

Some of the New England mill men were so much interested in this and so fully impressed with the advantages the Southern mills had in not being hampered by restrictive legislation that they indirectly at least, it is charged, endeavored to have such legislation effected in the South, to thus hamper the Southern mill operators and put them on the same plane in this respect as themselves. As the milling business is still practically in its infancy in the South our legislators should go slow in patterning after New England Legislatures, or in following the advice of New England mill men.

FRANCHISE MUST BE LIMITED

When Hawaii was annexed a suffrage provision was adopted practically debarring the mass of natives from voting. When a scheme of government was framed for Porto Rico the same course was pursued, and now the Philippine Commission in its last report says:

"The masses of the people are ignorant, credulous and child like, and that under any government the electoral franchises must be much limited, because the majority will not, for a long time, be capable of intelligently exercising it."

Ignorant, credulous and childlike, nice stuff to make American citizens out of. But that, if this characterization be true, was what they bought when they made that $20,000,000 deal. They may be "ignorant, credulous and childlike," or "semi-savages," but still they are represented to be very anxious to come in and be good Americans if the other fellows who are, according to these reports, few in number didn't keep them so badly scared. And it will take from 60,000 to 65,000 American soldiers for an indefinite period to protect all these "ignorant, credulous and childlike" people from these few "conspirators," and then these childlike people will have to be governed like "wards of the nation" "for a long time," because they haven't sense enough to govern themselves.

Admiral Dewey declared they were fifty times as competent for self-government as the Cubans are. The probabilities are that neither the masses of the Filipinos nor the Cubans nor the Porto Ricans are competent for self-government, as we understand it, according to the American idea, but the probabilities also are that there are enough of them competent to establish governments suitable to them, better governments, perhaps, under the conditions, than we could give them, and that would not require a large standing army to maintain and to preserve the peace.

But isn't all this an object lesson, that the Republican statesmen and others who object to restricted suffrage in the South might study with advantage? This Republican administration and its commissioners are vindicating white supremacy in the South, and doing much to gag the Republican partisans who howl against it.

When Mr. Wu, the Chinese minister, was in St. Louis the other day and learned that the *Globe-Democrat* is a Republican paper and the *Republic* a Democratic paper he thought it very funny. The *Republic* used to be the *Republican* but it amputated the last syllable several years ago, but this didn't entirely remove the mystifying mix of names.

An Indiana solon has prepared a whipping bill, which, if adopted, will leave little Delaware in the shade. He grades the lashes from 10 to 75, and includes a number of offences such as petit larceny, woman beating, vagrancy, profanity, tramping, etc. With such a law enforced Indianians will become a very good or a very much whipped people.

Life and Death Fight.

Mr. W. A. Hines, of Manchester, Ia., writing of his almost miraculous escape from death, says: "Exposure after measles induced serious lung trouble, which ended in Consumption. I had frequent hemorrhages and coughed night and day. All my doctors said I must soon die. Then I began to use Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, which completely cured me. I would not be without it even if it cost $5.00 a bottle. Hundreds have used it on my recommendation and all say it never fails to cure Throat, Chest and Lung troubles." Regular size 50c. and $1.00. Trial bottles 10c. at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store. †

NASAL CATARRH quickly yields to treatment by Ely's Cream Balm, which is agreeably aromatic. It is received through the nostrils, cleanses and heals the whole surface over which it diffuses itself. A remedy for Nasal Catarrh which is drying or exciting to the diseased membrane should not be used. Cream Balm is recognized as a specific. Price 50 cents at the druggists or by mail. A cold in the head immediately disappears when Cream Balm is used. Ely Brothers, 56 Warren street, New York. †

WHICH IS WORSE!

General Kitchener became very wrathy when he learned that Gen. DeWet had shot one of "three agents of a peace committee" who fell into his hands and had the other two whipped. We have had only the English version of that and we do not know what reasons Gen. DeWet may have had for so dealing with these "agents." He may have considered them spies caught within his lines, and possibly there may been no shooting or whipping. But if DeWet did deal so summarily with those three men, would that be any more cruel or shocking than the course that Gen. Kitchener is pursuing to break the spirit of the Boer fighters when he tries to conquer them by making cruel war upon their wives and children? The method he is now pursuing is told in the following Pretoria dispatch, published several days ago:

"Boer families and their stock are being systematically brought in to convenient centres from all over the country. They are kept in camps and fed. Those who surrender voluntarily are supplied with full rations, and those whose husbands are still in the field are provided for on a reduced scale, which is raised when the husbands surrender to a full allowance."

Weylerism in Cuba shocked the civilized world and here we have it adopted in South Africa by the commanding general of a country which is proud of its civilization. This being true is it any wonder that the Boer General, who has thus far proven more than a match for Kitchener, should shoot or whip men who come to advise the fighters who are following him to surrender to Kitchener and give up their country to the invader? Judged by their acts the impartial world will pronounce Kitchener's war on women worse than DeWet's shooting and whipping "peace agents."

A pretty factory girl in Connecticut said she didn't know that there were so many silly men in the world until on the announcement that she had inherited $4,000,000 from a rich uncle she received within a few days 500 proposals of marriage. Nothing silly about desiring to form a combine with a pretty girl and $4,000,000.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Mount Airy *News*: Dr. D. W. C. Benbow purchased the Hamburg cotton mills at the sale here last week, paying $9,500 for the entire property.

— Chatham *Record*: A colored man living near here, Wm. Harris, suddenly left his family about two weeks ago and was next heard from in an insane asylum in Washington. He was an industrious and well behaved negro.

— Lumberton *Robesonian*: Mr. J. B. Brigman, of Alfordsville, died Wednesday from a stroke of paralysis. —— The contractors for the Carolina Northern Railroad have commenced work with a large force near Barnesville, and hope to have the road completed to that place in a short time.

— Concord *Standard*: At a recent meeting of the mill owners in the State, at Greensboro, it was decided to cut the wages of the employes. This cut was begun to day by the mills of Concord and the amount of the cut was about ten per cent. This fall off of wages in the mills it is claimed is necessary, as the demand for cotton fabric is not as great as it was a year ago.

— Scotland Neck *Commonwealth*: Mr. Richard Brantley died at the home of Mr. Asa B Pope, January 18, 1901, aged about 20 years. —— Mrs. Priscilla Little died at the home of Mr. Peyton Keel Monday night, aged about 79 years. She had suffered with heart trouble, which was the immediate cause of her death. —— Mr. A. Oppenheimer died at his home in Scotland Neck Thursday, January 17, 1901, aged 78 years. He was born in Germany and came to this country whe he was about twenty-five years old.

— Sanford *Express*: The *Express* learns that about thirty five armed men from the neighborhood where Mrs Brewer was so cruelly outraged on the morning of the 10th inst. by a young white man by the name of Silas Martindale went to Carthage on the following Friday night for the purpose of taking the prisoner out of jail and lynching him. They demanded the keys to the jail. The jailor says he carried them into the jail and through all the cells, and finally succeeded in convincing them that Martindale had been removed. Sheriff Jones acted wisely in carrying him to Raleigh.

SUNDAY SELECIONS.

— Not failure, but low aim, is crime.—*Lowell.*

— Good counsels observed are chains of grace.—*Fuller.*

— The human race is governed by its imagination.—*Napoleon.*

— The evening of a well spent life brings its lamps with it.—*Joubert.*

— The only man who is really rich is the man who is rich toward God.

— Adversity is the diamond dust Heaven polishes its jewels with.—*Leighton.*

— If it is not right, do not do it. If it is not true, do not say it.—*Marcus Aurelius.*

— Life is made up of little incidents, not of brilliant achievements, and upon the little hangs the eternal.

— He that forgets his friend is ungrateful to him, but he that forgets his Saviour is unmerciful to himself.—*Bunyan.*

— The greatness of those things which follow death makes all that goes before it sink into nothing.—*William Law.*

— If we would learn patience, there is no school but in experiences that require us to exercise patience.—*Westminster Gazette.*

— The Spirit of Christ, when it enters the mind, destroys selfishness and makes us feel as if every human being had a claim upon us.—*Stalker.*

— Never inquire into another man's secret, but conceal that which is intrusted to you, though pressed by both wine and anger to reveal it.—*Horace.*

— He who gives a single halfpenny for God's service while alive and well, profits his soul more than if, after death, he were to give as much gold as would reach from earth to Heaven.—*John Huss.*

FLABBY FELLOWS

WHO WANT TO BUILD UP THEIR BODIES WILL FIND THE "ONE THING NEEDFUL" IN

DR. PIERCE'S GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY

The body is built up from the food we eat. But before food can be assimilated by the body it must be prepared for assimilation by the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition. *Food does not feed when the stomach is "out of order."* The result is, weak muscles and flabby flesh. "Golden Medical Discovery" heals diseases of the stomach and digestive and nutritive system. It works with Nature to make manly muscle and form firm flesh.

In a letter received from A. D. Weller, Esq., of Pensacola, Escambia Co., Fla. (Box 544), he states: "I have, since receiving your diagnosis of my case, as stomach trouble and liver complaint, taken eight bottles of the 'Golden Medical Discovery' and must say that I am transformed from a walking shadow (as my friends called me) to perfect health."

A TRUE Temperance Medicine.

CONTAINS NO ALCOHOL.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— Mr. Hanna has scored his first failure to boss his party. The number of Republican bolters on the ship subsidy question increases daily. So does the old man's wrath and disgust. *Atlanta Journal, Dem.*

—— As a commercial proposition Great Britian ought to accept the amendment to the Hay-Pauncefote treaty. Great Britain in this era is eminently commercial. Therefore, there is reason to believe that the amendment will be accepted. *Mobile Register, Dem.*

SAVED BY PALMISTRY.

Tattered Individual Proves His Case by Showing His Hands.

"Reasoning from antecedent probability," said the justice to a prisoner with a soppy hat and a turned down mouth, "I would say that when this policeman accuses you of being a tramp he is speaking with a high regard for the truth."

"Knowing little about logic," the defendant replied, "I am unable to say whether I am guilty on that proof. But by palmistry I am innocent. My life line is good, my capacity for hard work is simply astonishing, and my confidence in my own ability is superb."

"Score one for palmistry. Now hold up your hands."

They went up.

"I can't tell whether you have worked by the looks of those hands," said the justice. "But in the interest or the spread of knowledge I will digress and say to you that an article known as soap was invented some years ago."

"Never heard of it," said the prisoner cheerfully, "and I know just as much about my guilt or innocence as I do about soap. You might try me by a jury of my peers."

"Your peers are too busy telling fairy tales to bartenders on this muggy morning to come out to help the ends of justice. The dollar they'd get for jury service would make them die of heart disease."

"A doctor told me I'd never have that," the prisoner said.

"I'm not intensely interested in the state of your health," the justice said coldly. "I don't know whether you're a tramp, and neither do you. I am inclined to the opinion that you are, but I guess no policeman will arrest you between here and the corner."

The prisoner made the trial trip successfully and was seen no more.—Chicago Journal.

"Florida Fast Mail."

BY THE

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY,

"Florida and West India Short Line"

TO THE

Winter Resorts of the South.

The Only Line Operating Daily Limited Trains to Florida.

The "Florida Fast Mail," another of the Seaboard Air Line Railway's splendidly equipped trains, leaves New York daily at 12:10 A. M., 23rd Street Station, Pennsylvania Rail road, with Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping Car and Day Coaches to Raleigh, Southern Pines, Columbia, Savannah and Jacksonville, where connections are made for St. Augustine, Tampa and all Florida points. This train connects at New York with train leaving Boston 7:00 P. M. Leaves Philadelphia 3:30 A. M., Baltimore 6.32 A. M., Washington 10.55 A. M., Richmond 2:40 P. M., arriving Southern Pines 9.35 P. M., Columbia 1:45 A. M., Savannah 5:00 A. M., Jacksonville 9.10 P. M. Leaves Philadelphia 3:30 A. M., Baltimore 6.32 A. M., Washington 10.55 A. M., Richmond 2:40 P. M., arriving Southern Pines 9.35 P. M., Columbia 1:45 A. M., Savannah 5:00 A. M., Jacksonville 9.10 A. M., St. Augustine 11:10 A. M., Tampa 5:30 P. M. Through Pullman Drawing Room Sleeper New York to Jacksonville. Through Vestibuled Passenger Coaches and perfect service.

For further information call on or write to all Pennsylvania Railroad offices, or representatives of the Seaboard Air Line Railway at 306 Washington street, Boston, Mass.; 1206 and 371 Broadway, New York; 30 South Third street, Philadelphia, 207 East German street, Baltimore; 1434 New York Ave., Washington, or to R. E. L. Bunch, General Passenger Agent, Portsmouth Va. †

Glorious News

Comes from Dr. D. B. Cargile, of Washita, I. T. He writes: "Four bottles of Electric Bitters has cured Mrs. Brewer of scrofula, which had caused her great suffering for years. Terrible sores would break out on her head and face, and the best doctors could give no help; but her cure is complete and her health is excellent." This shows what thousands have proved—that Electric Bitters is the best blood purifier known. It's the supreme remedy for eczema, tetter, salt rheum, ulcers, boils and running sores. It stimulates liver, kidneys and bowels, expels poisons, helps digestion builds up the strength. Only 50 cents. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. Guaranteed. †

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

SUNDAY SERVICES.

St. Thomas Church: First mass, 7 A. M.; high mass, sermon, 10.30 A. M.; vespers, 7.45 P. M.

Rev. E. E. Lane will conduct the services at Seamen's Bethel this afternoon at 3 o'clock. The public is invited.

Christian Science service at the Masonic Temple, room 10, this morning at 11.15 o'clock. Subject of Bible Lesson—"Love."

Services at St. James' Church: Morning prayer and sermon at 11 o'clock; Sunday school, 3.45 P. M.; evening prayer, 5 o'clock.

Services at St. John's Church today, third Sunday after the Epiphany, by the rector, at 7.45 A. M., 11 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Sunday school at 3.30 P. M.

St. Paul's Lutheran Church Sixth and Market streets, Rev. A. G. Voigt pastor. German services to day at 11 A. M.; English services at 7.30 P. M. Sunday school at 3.30 P. M. Everybody welcome.

St. Matthew's English Lutheran Church, North Fourth street, above Bladen, Rev. G. D. Bernheim pastor. Morning service only at 11 o'clock; Sunday school at 9 45 A. M. All seats free and every person welcome.

St. Paul's Episcopal Church, corner Fourth and Orange streets—Morning prayer and sermon at 11 o'clock A. M., Rt. Rev. Bishop A. A Watson officiating. Sunday school at 3.30 P. M. Seats free. Strangers cordially invited.

First Baptist Church, Rev. Calvin S. Blackwell, D. D. 11 A. M., Dr. Yohannan, a native Persian, will speak on the "Gospel for Persia." At 7:45 P. M. the pastor will speak on "The Sympathy of Life, or the Ministry of Music." At 4:30 P. M. Mrs. D. W. Herring, recently from China, will speak to the ladies in the Sunday School room.

RESISTANCE TO FROST.

Will Selection and Breeding Increase It in Plants?

One of the marvels of vegetation is the difference in behavior of different plants when subjected to frost. No one can tell why a pea plant will withstand, unharmed, a frost which will cut down completely a bean plant by its side. But differences even further than this are oftentimes noticed, and the apparent freaks of frost are very commonly puzzling. It frequently happens that in a field of beans or potatoes plants here and there will be left unharmed, while others are killed. Much of this may be due to varying currents of air or conditions of soil moisture, but that does not explain all of the differences because it sometimes appears between two plants standing side by side. There is evidently an inherent resisting power possessed by some individuals to a greater extent than by others.

Is this a characteristic which can be perpetuated and intensified? Can we by subjecting tender plants to frost, selecting those which escape and continuing the process, develop a hardier race? This is one of the questions under consideration at the Rhode Island experiment station. Early in the spring of 1899 three varieties of beans were planted in a hotbed. Later the sash was removed upon a cold night, subjecting them to frost. Many of the plants perished, others were badly hurt, but survived, and a few escaped with little injury. The seeds from these most resistant individuals were saved, and with them the operation was repeated in the spring of 1900. The sash was first removed on the night of May 10, on which night an unusually hard frost occurred, the weather being so cold that ice of considerable thickness was formed in many places. The weather records in the village near by showed a temperature of 28 F. for that morning. Nearly all of the plants lost their leaves, and many were killed outright, but a few escaped with almost no injury. At least one plant stood as though nothing had happened. This being an unusually hard freeze has given a severe test, but only time can tell what the ultimate effect of such selection will be.

The behavior of strawberries resulting from the freeze of May 10 and 11 is also interesting. At that time the blossoms were not yet open, but very many of the buds were killed, or, rather, the pistil was killed. The stamens and other parts of the flower remained unharmed, the buds opening and blooming as usual, with the exception of exhibiting a black spot in the center where the pistils should be. Marshall and William Belt growing side by side exhibit marked differences in behavior, though each has bloomed at about the same time, so that this difference cannot be the result of the blossoms being further advanced in one case than in the other. All the early blossoms of Marshall were killed, while most of those of William Belt escaped. Nick Ohmer suffered nearly as much as Marshall. Many wild strawberries in the vicinity seemed to escape unhurt, though in a few instances blossoms were observed which had been killed. Perhaps a judicious and persistent line of selection and breeding might develop a strawberry which would be largely resistant to frost.—Fred W. Card, Rhode Island Agricultural Experiment Station.

Belgian Hares.

Concerning Belgian hares Country Gentleman says: The feed is easily grown, and one acre of good land well cultivated will feed 50 animals easily during the summer, and one acre more in oats and peas, with a bag or two of bran for the winter, will supply the rest. A plain building, preferably of two stories for economy, will be required and of such a size as will furnish a pen of 24 or 25 square feet for each doe. The bucks will be kept in separate apartments. Breeding stock need not be procured in large quantities to begin with, as these animals increase with great rapidity. One doe may rear at least 30 young ones easily in the year. A five or ten acre lot near a railroad station within easy reach of a market might be procured possibly for $50 an acre. The buildings need not cost over $200 to begin with. The rapid increase of these animals and the early age at which they become marketable insure quick returns.

The Dog's Watchfulness.

The dog's watchfulness, so much and so thoughtlessly lauded as the expression of his devotion to man, is merely the instinctive watchfulness necessary to his safety in a wild state and is a characteristic which he would exercise quite as readily for his own kind and the preservation of his lair as he would for the benefit of man. When he barks at strange dogs or gives warning at night of the approach of strangers, it should not be overlooked that he considers his own home is disturbed, though it may be the home of his master. Much depends on the point of view.—B. Waters in Forest and Stream.

For LaGrippe and Influenza use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

PROMINENT EDITOR RELIEVED BY PERUNA

HON. HOBART BROOKS, OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

Hon. Hobart Brooks, editor and owner of the Washington "Capital," 1508 Pennsylvania Avenue, N. W., Washington, D. C., in a recent letter to Dr. Hartman says:

Dear Sir—It is with great pleasure that I can testify as to the merits of Peru-na. After suffering over a year with catarrh I began taking Pe-ru-na. I took one bottle, and so great was the effect that I rapidly recovered and am now enjoying good health. To all who suffer from debility of any kind I recommend Pe-ru-na as a most valuable tonic.

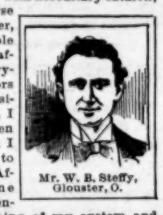
Hobart Brooks.

3 Prof. J. F. Turner, Edgefield, Tenn.

Prof. J. F. Turner, Principal H. B. High school, Edgefield, Tenn., in a recent letter says: "I suffered for nine years with catarrh, and after trying several remedies I gave up, and concluded that there was no cure for me. I noticed so many testimonials from prominent men relative to Pe-ru-na that I concluded to try one bottle, little expecting any help. I had grown rather to believe that all catarrh cures were nothing but frauds, but your remedy Pe-ru-na is the greatest panacea to-day for those suffering with catarrh. I do not hesitate to recommend it. Before I had used one bottle I noticed a great change in myself, and four bottles cured me entirely. I would not be without Pe-ru-na for any consideration.

The reason so many people get chronic catarrh is, the disease gets firmly established before it is recognized. They fool themselves by calling it some other name than its proper one—catarrh. When people get acute catarrh they call it a cold. If they have acute nasal catarrh it is called coryza. Endemic catarrh they call influenza, and epidemic catarrh—they name la grippe. When the catarrh reaches the throat it is called tonsilitis, or laryngitis. Catarrh of the bronchial tubes is called bronchitis; catarrh of the lungs consumption. Any internal remedy that will cure catarrh in one location will cure it in any other location. This is why Pe-ru-na has become so justly famous in the cure of catarrhal diseases. It cures catarrh wherever located. Its cures remain. Pe-ru-na does not palliate; it cures.

Mr. W. B. Steffy, Glouster, O., writes: "I was afflicted with hereditary catarrh, and grew worse as I grew older, until my whole system seemed affected. After trying many doctors and different positive (?) cures, I had almost given up hope, when I was induced to try Pe-ru-na. After trying one bottle I felt a general strengthening of my system and after a few months' use of Pe-ru-na I was cured. That was two years ago. I use Pe-ru-na every spring, so as to get my system in good shape for the summer."



Mr. W. B. Steffy, Glouster, O.

For a free book address Dr. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio.

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

[Quoted officially at the closing by the Produce Exchange.]

STAR OFFICE, January 26.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Nothing doing.

ROSIN—Market firm at $1.20 per barrel for strained and $1.25 for good strained.

TAR—Market firm at $1.30 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market steady at $1.30 per barrel for hard, $2.30 for dip, and —— for virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine firm at 52@51½c; rosin firm at $1.25@1 30; tar firm at $1 30; crude turpentine firm at $1.75@$3.00.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine	71
Rosin	96
Tar	309
Crude turpentine	56

Receipts same day last year.—33 casks spirits turpentine, 174 bbls rosin, 202 bbls tar, 68 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 9½c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	7 1-16	cts	₱ lb
Good ordinary	8 7 16	"	"
Low middling	9 1-16	"	"
Middling	9¼	"	"
Good middling	9 13 16	"	"

Same day last year middling steady at 7¼c.

Receipts—833 bales; same day last year, 1,038.

Corrected Regularly by Wilmington Produce Commission Merchants.]

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS — North Carolina — Prime, 75c. Extra prime, 80c per bushel of 28 pounds; fancy, 86c, Virginia—Prime 55c; extra prime, 65c; fancy, 70c.

CORN—Firm, 58 to 60 cents per bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 11 to 12½c per pound; shoulders, 8 to 10c; sides, 7 to 9c.

EGGS—Firm at 12 to 12½ cents per dozen.

CHICKENS—Dull. Grown, 22½@25 cents; springs, 12½@17 cts.

TURKEYS—Live, dull at 8 to 10c; dressed, 11 to 12½c.

BEESWAX—Firm at 25 cents.

TALLOW—Firm at 5½@6½ cents per pound.

SWEET POTATOES—Firm at 50 cents.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Jan. 26.—Money on call easy at 1½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3½@4¼ per cent. Sterling exchange strong; actual business in bankers' bills at 487½@487¾ for demand and 484 for sixty days. Posted rates 484½@485 and 488@488½. Commercial bills 483@483½. Silver certificates 63¾@65. Bar silver 62. Mexican dollars 48½. Government bonds weak. State bonds inactive. Railroad bonds firm. U. S. refunding 2's reg'd, 105¾; U. S. refund'g 2's, coupon, 105¾; U.S. 2's, reg'd.—; U.S. 3's, reg'd, 109¾; do. coupon, 110½; U. S. 4's, new reg'd, 136¾; do. coupon, 137¾; U. S. 4's, old reg'd, 113½; do. coupon, 113¾; U. S. 5's, reg'd, 110¾; do. coupon, 111¾; Southern R'y 5's 113¾. Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio 88¾; Chesapeake & Ohio 39¼; Manhattan L 116¼; N. Y. Central 141⅞; Reading 33¾; do. 1st pref'd 71⅝; St. Paul, 155¾; do. pref'd, of'd 190¾; Southern R'y 20¾; pref'd 71¼; American Tobacco, 114⅝; do. pref'd 140; People's Gas 99¼; Sugar 134¼; do. pref'd 118¾; T. C. & Iron 57; U. S. Leather 12¾; do. preferred 74¼; Western Union 83. Standard Oil 797@800.

BALTIMORE, January 26.—Seaboard Air Line, common, 9¾@10¾; do. preferred 24¾@25. Bonds—4's 69@69¼.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Jan. 26.—Rosin quiet. Strained common to good $1 70. Spirits turpentine dull at 40@40½c.

CHARLESTON, Jan. 26.—Spirits turpentine steady at 36½c; sales — casks. Rosin firm and unchanged.

SAVANNAH, Jan. 26.—Spirits turpentine 37c; sales 146 casks; receipts 350 casks; exports 4,019 casks. Rosin firm and unchanged; sales 1,141 barrels; receipts 4,449 barrels; exports 5,336 barrels.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, January 26.—The cotton market opened steady, with prices five points higher on January and two to six points lower on the rest of the list. At the short session the January position held a relatively firmer station than the rest of the list, due to a merciless round up of luckless belated shorts who had depended on the increasing New York stock to force liquidation and thereby help them out of their precarious position. Last night the current month closed at 10 06, it opened this morning at 10.10 and immediately shot up to 10 25 on a desperate rush to cover. The market for futures closed barely steady, with prices net fourteen points higher on January, but three to seven points lower on other months. Estimated receipts at the ports: To day, 26,000 bales, against 19 932 actual last week and 23,896 actual last year; for the week, 170,000 bales, against 169.000 actual last week and 215,028 actual last year. To day's receipts at New Orleans were 6,641 bales, against 7,611 last year.

NEW YORK, Jan. 26.—Cotton dull; middling uplands 10¾c.

Futures market closed barely steady: January 10.20, February 9.43, March 9.34, April 9 29, May 9.29, June 9 26, July 9.26 August 8 96, September 8 46, October 8.34, November 8 15.

Spot cotton closed dull and ¼c higher; middling uplands 10¾c; middling gulf 10¾c; sales — bales.

Net receipts 1 854 bales; gross receipts 8,012 bales; exports to Great Britain 267 bales; stock 110 072 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 28,763 bales; exports to Great Britain 22 913 bales; exports to France 3.600 bales; exports to the Continent 15,144 bales; stock 859,196 bales.

Consolidated—Net receipts 28,763 bales; exports to Great Britain 22,913 bales; exports to France 3 600 bales; exports to the Continent 15,144 bales.

Total since September 1st.—Net receipts 5,169 279 bales; exports to Great Britain 1,957,179 bales; exports to France 462,857 bales; exports to the Continent 1,439,109 bales.

January 26.—Galveston, quiet at 9 7-16, net receipts 10,134 bales; Norfolk, steady at 9¾c, net receipts 2.250 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 9¾c, net receipts — bales; Boston, dull at 10¼c, net receipts 725 bales; Wilmington, firm at 9¾c, net receipts 833 bales; Philadelphia dull at 10¾, net receipts — bales; Savannah, steady at 9¾c, net receipts 5,180 bales; New Orleans, steady at 9¾c, net receipts 6,733 bales; Mobile, dull at 9 5 16, net receipts 198 bales; Memphis, quiet at 9¼c, net receipts 917 bales; Augusta, steady at 9¾c, net receipts 628 bales; Charleston, firm at 9¾c, net receipts 829 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, January 26.—Flour was rather quiet but held at an advance on the strength in wheat; Minnesota patents $3 90@4 10; winter patents $3 65@4 00. Wheat—Spot strong; No. 2 red 82¼c f. o. b. afloat; options opened steady and worked into positive strength on a further scare of shorts impelled by higher cables and unfavorable crop reports from India. They finally eased off a trifle under realizing, but still closed firm at ½c net advance. No. 2 red January 81½c; March 81¼; May closed 81¾c; July closed 81¾c. Corn—Spot steady; No. 2 48c at elevator; options were rather quiet but in view of higher cables, unsettled weather West and strength of wheat, displayed firmness all day. Closed steady and ¼@¾c net higher: January closed 47¾c; March closed 46½c; May closed 45c; July closed 44¾c. Oats—Spot dull; No. 2 30¾c; options dull but rather firm, with the other markets. Lard steady; Western steam $7 75; refined firm; continent $7 85; South American $8 50; compound 5½@5¾c. Pork steady; family $15 50@15 75; short clears $13 75@16 50; mess $13 25@14 50. Butter steady; Western creamery 16@22c; State dairy 14@20c. Eggs easier; State and Pennsylvania 20½@21¼ at mark, for average lots; Western regular packing 19@20c. Cheese steady; fancy large, fall made 11¼@11½; small fancy, fall made 11¼@12c. Potatoes quiet; Jersey $1 50@1 75; New York $1 50@1 87½; Long Island $1 75@2 00; Jersey sweets $1 75@3 00. Petroleum dull; refined New York $7 45; Philadelphia and Baltimore $7 40; do. in bulk $4 85. Tallow dull; city ($2 per package) 4½c; country (packages free) 5@5¼c. Cabbage—Market steady; Long Island, per 100, $3 00@4 00. Peanuts steady; fancy hand-picked 4¾@5c; other domestic 5c. Rice steady; domestic, fair to extra 3¾@6¼c. Freights to Liverpool—Cotton by steam 16c. Cotton seed oil steadily held, with a moderate demand for local use, but no export inquiry of importance. Prime crude, in barrels, 27½c.; prime summer yellow 31½@32c; off summer yellow 30½@31c; prime white 34@35c; prime winter yellow 35½@36c; prime meal $25 00. Coffee—Spot Rio barely steady; No. 2 invoice 7c; mild dull; Cordova 8@12½c. Sugar—Raw quiet; fair refining 3¾c; centrifugal, 96 test 4¼c; molasses sugar 3¼; refined—standard A $5 30; confectioners' A $5 30; cut loaf $6 00; crushed $6 00; powdered $5 60; granulated $5 50; cubes $5 75; mould A $5 85. Market quiet.

CHICAGO, Jan. 26—Speculative sentiment more than anything else helped the wheat market to-day and May closed ½c to ¾c higher. Corn closed unchanged; oats a shade lower and provisions 2½ to 5c improved.

CHICAGO, Jan. 26.—Cash quotations: Flour dull; winter patents $3 60@3 80; winter straights $3 20@3 55; winter clears $3 70@3 30; spring specials $4 40@4 50; do. patents $3 60@3 80; baker's $2 20@2 60; straights $3 10@3 40. Wheat—No. 3 spring 65@73c; No. 2 red 75¼@77. Corn—No. 2, 37½@37¾ Oats No. 2 24¾@25c; No. 2 white 27¾@28c; No. 3 white 26¾@27½c. Pork, per barrel, $13 85@13 95. Lard, per 100 lbs, $7 32½@7 37½. Short rib sides, loose, $6 90@7 15. Dry salted shoulders, $6 25@6 50. Short clear sides, boxed $7 25@7 35. Whiskey—Distillers' finished goods, per gallon, $1 37.

The leading futures ranged as follows—opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—No 2 January 74½, 75¼, 74¼, 75¼c; February 74¾, 75¾, 74¼@74⅞, 75¼@75½c; May 77@77¼, 77⅞, 76¾, 77¾c. Corn—January 37½, 37¾, 37¼, 37¼c; February 37¼@37¾, 37⅞, 37¾, 37¾c; May 39¼@39¾ 39¾, 39¼, 39½c. Oats—January 24 24, 24, 24c; May 25¾@25¾, 25½, 25¼, 25½. Pork, per bbl—January $13 87½; May $13 95, 14 05, 13 95 13 97½. Lard, per 100 lbs—January $7 35; March $7 37½; May $7 42½, 7 47½, 7 42½, 7 45. Short ribs, per 100 lbs—January $6 90 6 92½, 6 90, 6 92½; May $7 00, 7 05, 7 00, 7 02½.

FOREIGN MARKET.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, January 26, 2 P. M.—Cotton—Spot, limited demand; prices barely steady; American middling 5½d. The sales of the day were 4,000 bales, of which 200 bales were for speculation and export and included 3,900 bales American. Receipts 46,000 bales, including 36,000 bales American.

Futures opened quiet but steady and closed easy. American middling (l. m. c.) January 5 24 64@5 25-64d value; January and February 5 23 64d buyer; February and March 5 20-64d value; March and April 5

JOB PRINTING.

JOB PRINTING

BOOK BINDING AND RULING.

THE STAR JOB PRINTING OFFICE, BOOK BINDERY AND RULING ROOMS ARE COMPLETE I THEIR APPOINTMENTS.

EVERY VARIETY OF PRINTING, RULING AND BINDING DONE NEATLY, EXPEDITIOUSLY & CHEAPLY.

WM. H. BERNARD, Proprietor.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York, Wilmington, N. C., and Georgetown, S. C., Lines.

From New York for Wilmington.

ONEIDA ..... Saturday, Jan. 19
SAGINAW ..... Saturday, Jan. 26

From Wilmington for New York.

SAGINAW ..... Saturday, Jan. 19
ONEIDA ..... Saturday, Jan. 26

From Wilmington for Georgetown.

ONEIDA ..... Tuesday, Jan. 22
SAGINAW ..... Tuesday, Jan. 29

Steamship Oneida does not carry passengers

☞ Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight or Passage apply to
H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt., Wilmington, N. C.
THEO. G. EGER, General Manager, 19 State street, New York.

jan 18 tf

FLORIDA WEST INDIA SHORT LINE

VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS

DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

Between New York, Tampa, Atlanta, New Orleans & Points South & West.

Schedule in Effect Jan. 13th, 1900.

TRAIN 41 Leaves Wilmington at 3:05 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5:14 P. M., Pembroke 5:35 P. M., Maxton 6:00 P. M., Hamlet 7:00 P. M., Wadesboro 8:15 P. M., Monroe 9:20 P. M., Charlotte 10:20 P. M. Athens, Ga., 3:42 A. M., Atlanta 6:02 A. M.

Close connection at Atlanta for Montgomery Mobile, New Orleans and all points in Texas Mexico and California; also for Chattanooga Nashville, Louisville St. Louis, Cincinnati, Chicago, and Western and Northwestern points. Connects at Hamlet with train No 37 for Columbia, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa and other Florida points; also with train 44 for Raleigh, Petersburg, Richmond, Washington Baltimore and New York. Other trains leave Hamlet as follows: Train No. 31 (Florida Limited) for Columbia and points South at 6:30 A. M. Train No. 408 for Monroe, Charlotte, Lincolnton, Shelby and Rutherfordton. Athens Atlanta and all points southwest, at 6:30 A. M. Train No 38 for Raleigh, Norfolk and points North at 8:05 A. M. Train No 66 for Raleigh Richmond and points North at 9:20 A. M.

Through Pullman sleepers from Hamlet to all points North, South and Southwest.

TRAIN 38 Leave Hamlet at 8:30 A. M., arrives Maxton 9:05 A. M. Pembroke 9:31 A. M., Lumberton 9:53 A. M., Wilmington 12.05 noon. This train takes passengers at Hamlet from train No 32 (Florida Limited) leaving Richmond at 10:40 P. M. and arriving at Hamlet at 6:35 A. M.; from train No. 408 leaving Norfolk at 9:30 P. M., arriving at Hamlet at 7:10 A. M.; from train No 39 leaving Atlanta at 9:00 P. M. and Charlotte at 5:45 A. M., arriving at Hamlet at 7:45 A. M.

Other trains arrive at Hamlet as follows: Train 409 from Atlanta, Rutherfordton, Shelby, Lincolnton Charlotte and Monroe at 9:37 P. M.; train No. 41 from Portsmouth at 7:16 P. M.; train No. 37 from Richmond and points North at 10:37 P. M.; train No. 44 from Columbia and points South at 9 40 P. M., and train No 66 from Columbia and points South at 9 00 A. M.

For tickets, sleepers, etc., apply to Thos. D. Meares, General Agent, Wilmington N. C.
R. E. L. BUSH, General Passenger Agent.

jan 17 tf

SEASONABLE GOODS.

MULLETS, new catch.
Best Cream Cheese,
Martin's Gilt Edge Butter,
Bagging and Ties.
SALT.

A GENERAL LINE OF CASE GOODS IN DEMAND AT THIS SEASON.

Sole agents for
ROB ROY FLOUR.

McNAIR & PEARSALL.

sep

Poor Seed Dear at Any Price.

GET THE BEST.

GENUINE HOULTON ROSE,
EARLY OHIO,
PRIDE OF THE SOUTH,
or WHITE BLISS

SEED POTATOES.

Let us book your orders against their arrival.

SALT! SALT! SALT!

Can fill orders promptly—100's and 196's American Fine, Table and 5 lb Pockets.

HALL & PEARSALL,

(INCORPORATED.)
WHOLESALE GROCERS.

jan 12 tf

DR. PIERCE'S GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY FOR THE BLOOD, LIVER, LUNGS.

NATURE'S LESSON.

Is there a cloud in the azure sky
That forgets the mission it hath on high?
Not one.
Is there a star in the curtain of night
That forgets to shine with a radiance bright?
Not one.
Is there a bud in field or bower
That forgets to blossom into a flower?
Not one.

The clouds, the stars and flowers bright
In a beautiful language speak forth God's might,
While we, frail creatures of the dust,
Forget, alas, to be even just.
We stand empty handed, while all around
There are lives to brighten, now sorrow bound.
There are deeds which our hands should gladly do
That would cheer some heart its journey through.
A kind word here, a good deed there,
Would scatter sweet blessings everywhere.
—Anna T. Hackman in Philadelphia Bulletin.

A RAW YOUNG LAWYER.

His First Case Introduced Him to Contempt of Court.

Some of the members of the bar were discussing contempt cases because of a recent notable event in the state, and one of the little coterie related a personal experience.

"I read law at home and had my examinations through a little country lawyer who knew a great deal, but never had a big case and was notorious for his ability in abusing justices of the peace. It may seem a preposterous statement, but I had never heard or thought of such a thing as contempt of court when I had my first professional experience in a common pleas court. No sooner had the opposition attorney made an objection than the judge ruled against me.

"I proceeded to inform him that he was wrong, that he knew he was wrong and that I wished he would quit his pettifogging. The lawyers in attendance were temporarily petrified; the venerable judge glared at me over his glasses, finally smiled in a forgiving sort of way and told me to proceed. Very soon there was another well taken objection, and again he ruled against me. This practically took the props from under my case, and I went at the judge as my instructor had been accustomed to go at a justice of the peace in a back township.

"'Your honor,' I declaimed, 'is a political accident. In the eternal fitness of things you should be digging coal or cleaning out underbrush. You have no more sense of justice than a Zulu chief of mercy. Thank heaven there is a higher judicial tribunal in this state that'— But there I was halted by a fine of $200 or 90 days in jail. The judge took me to his private room, where he learned my story and remitted the fine. To pay $200 at that time would have pauperized me. I now have quite a reputation for never rubbing the court the wrong way."—Detroit Free Press.

A Kail and Kipling Medley.

Mr. Barrie was one day at Waterloo station in a hurry to catch a train. He was hastening from the bookstall laden with papers, "a good many sixpenny ones among them," he dolefully relates, when, in rushing around a corner, he fell into the arms of Rudyard Kipling, equally in a tearing hurry. They turned on each other with scowling faces, then smiled in recognition and asked each other whither he went. Then Kipling, exclaiming, "Lucky beggar, you've got papers!" seized the bundle from Barrie, flung him some money and made off. "But you did not stoop to pick up his dirty halfpence, did you?" queried one of Mr. Barrie's hearers amusedly. "Didn't I, though?" returned Barrie, and added ruefully, "But he hadn't flung me half enough."—St. James Gazette.

Odd Features of French Elections.

There are some curious features connected with French parliamentary elections. For instance, no wall literature issued by a candidate or his friends may be printed on white paper, white being the color reserved for official announcements. In the days of the empire, when official candidates were known in the land, the addresses of the government's nominees were printed on white paper, and this no doubt had due weight with the more ignorant voters. Again, any elector whose name is mentioned in a newspaper can, if he feel himself aggrieved, call upon the editor to publish a reply. This, however, is not confined to elections, but is a right enjoyed by French citizens under the law of the country.—London Mail.

The Pig In Water.

Of pigs it is commonly reported that so queerly fashioned are they that if they attempt to swim they cut their throats with their fore feet, but this is only an old wife's fable. Whether wild or tame, they are all good swimmers, though, owing to the shortness of their legs, they just touch their throats with their fore feet and beat the water very high. Many of the islands of the southern seas are now inhabited by wild pigs, which are the descendants of those which have swum ashore, sometimes great distances, from wrecked vessels.—Peterson's Magazine.

Soft.

White—I understand young Green lost all the money his father left him on the races, and he's now looking for a job. He won't have so soft a thing as he has had.

Brown—Oh, I don't know. He'll have a soft thing as long as he doesn't lose his head.—Chicago News.

Knew the Danger.

"What makes you avoid that girl so, even if you do not intend to propose to her?"

"I'm afraid she'll take a notion to make me propose."—Chicago Record.

ROSES AND RUE.

I sit in the shadow alone, sweetheart,
Your roses are scenting the air,
And I dream of our love troth long ago
Down in the garden there.
Marigolds, hollyhocks, prince's feather,
Bowed low in the dim, soft light,
As under the willow tree by the gate
I kissed you and said, "Good night."

Ah, sweetheart mine, with the pale, mute lips,
We have had our measure of rue;
The clouds were dark and the skies were fair,
But you forever were true.
And now as I sit in the dark alone
I would give the world to know
The way through the years to that far off field
Where simples for heartache grow.

Love fades, they say, when the pulse is old,
And I am threescore and ten,
But what I have learned with its bitter loss
Lies far beyond their ken;
For tomorrow they bids you away, sweetheart,
In the graveyard out of my sight,
So I keep the roses—God's roses—round you
And kiss you and say, "Good night."
—Christian Advocate.

The Three O'Clock Man

A Ghost That Was Banished by Resolution.

Carl Westerly left the office at a quarter to 3 o'clock. There seemed not to be the remotest danger of an extra that night, and the telegraph man had long since sent in his "30." For some reason or other Westerly was more than ordinarily tired. Perhaps it was his spirit that was weary. He was tired of the endless and relentless grind of newspaper work, tired of the newspaper point of view, tired of the whole round of life. He wondered if men who had a home knew how blessed they were and thought, with distaste, of his dismal room, where his thoughts alone kept him company. It was an uninviting room, as any one who saw it must have confessed, for Westerly did not have the trick of domesticating himself as some bachelors do.

He was a bachelor indeed. He had always lived in a womanless sort of way. Sometimes it came across him that he was missing the best part of his life in knowing nothing of them, but he was shy and reverent, and it appeared to be his lot to dwell alone and envy other men. So, what with loneliness and overwork and ennui, he was not at his best on this particular night. No car was in sight, and he concluded that he had just missed the hourly horse car which took belated workers homeward after the cable had ceased its buzzing for the day; so he started out to walk. He loitered for a time, half hoping some vehicle might come in sight, but the streets seemed deserted. So, after pausing a moment to admire the sinister picturesqueness of the Chicago river, with the lights gleaming upon its murky waters from masthead and high window, he started to cross the bridge.

A distant clock struck 3, and Westerly, aroused by it from his reverie, looked up to see a man just before him—a man who seemed to have come up out of the solid planks of the bridge. He wore a hat well back on his head and showed a long, horselike face, with a hooked nose and one blind eye. About him was a cape such as men wear over their evening clothes. All his garments were of a fine cut and quality, but worn with a noticeable negligence.

It was exceedingly curious, but as Westerly approached this man he felt a fear of him—not such a fear as one may be excused for feeling at meeting a stranger in an unlikely place at a late hour, but a fear of the nerves. It seemed to him that if, by any chance, that man were to touch him he would faint. He moved as far away from him as the limits of the footpath would permit, and passed him hastily, a coldness stealing along his veins as he did so. The man merely smiled in a sardonic fashion, lifting the eyebrow of the blind eye and dropping one corner of his mouth. It was an indescribable smirk and filled Westerly with aversion.

To the newspaper man's unspeakable annoyance the man followed him along the streets to his home, and after he was in his room he peered out of the window and saw him standing on the sidewalk looking up. Actually it seemed to him that he must shriek aloud for protection from this silent man. But he controlled himself and went to bed and slept—after a time.

The next night he confessed to some apprehension as he approached the bridge, and he looked out anxiously for his dread companion of the night before. He was not to be seen anywhere. But at about the center of the bridge there he was, looking at Westerly with that one haunting eye. Again he grinned. Again he followed Westerly to his house and again he stood without and stared up at the window.

This went on for nearly three months. If by any chance the young editor went home later or earlier than 3, he had the privilege of going his way alone, but if the hour was 3 the man was there, watchful and sardonic and silent as the tomb. At times Westerly thought of addressing him, but whenever he strove to do so his tongue clove to the roof of his mouth. He evaded him at times by changing the hour of his homegoing or by riding on the street car, but somehow he was insistently drawn back to the bridge and the Three o'Clock Man, as he denominated him. He sometimes wondered if he would see the man upon the bridge if he were to pass in a car, but as no car went at that hour he was not to know.

It chanced that better times came to Westerly and that they came quite suddenly. He was given a more satisfactory position, which would involve a pleasing change of hours, and he also discovered that Elsa Sessions, the girl who did the book reviews and who had eyes several degrees bluer than the Italian heavens, was not averse to his society. But there is no need to go into that. The point is, he found out these two gratifying matters in one day and, walking home in a state of considerable exultation, noticed the Three o'Clock Man with less impatience than usual.

"Our acquaintance is ended, my uncanny friend," he thought. "Tomorrow you may keep tryst, but I will not. I will walk abroad at Christian hours and leave you to your unholy habits." Thinking these things, he passed the creature, and it seemed to him that the smirk on his face was even more than usually offensive.

So sure was he that the unwelcome acquaintance with this man was over that he did not even look from his window that night to see if he were watching, but, putting out his light, threw himself in his bed with more of happiness in his mood than he had known for years. He fell into a light slumber, from which he was aroused by the impression that some one was looking at him. He opened his eyes and stared into the gloom, a gloom not a little mitigated by a street lamp across the street, which, owing to the lifted shade, shone clearly into the room.

The feeling that some one was looking at him grew to a certainty even before Westerly's sleep weighted eyes beheld the tall and careless figure of the Three o'Clock Man standing by his bed. If the man had been repugnant to him before, he seemed hideous now. He seemed to convey some horrible threat by his presence. What was it? Madness?

Westerly gave it no words, but he felt the moment had come for liberation. He determined to make a supreme effort to free himself. Failing, he was convinced that he would be forevermore in the presence of this fearful guest. So, with an effort that took the blood from his heart and brought the drops out upon his skin, Westerly raised himself, staring unflinchingly at the Three o'Clock Man, rose from his bed and slowly advanced. The advance is slow in the face of a cruel enemy, but it is sometimes certain. It was certain with Westerly. Inch by inch they went on, facing each other, the man backing, Westerly advancing, every muscle set, every nerve strained, brain and soul and mind fixed on victory. Across the room they went, hating each other more every passing second and showing their hate on their distorted faces, wrestling as men may not wrestle with their muscles till the creature went out of the side of the room—faded from Westerly's sight. He was gone. By some great, comfortable knowledge Westerly knew him gone forever. Hardly conscious, he sank upon his bed, panting like one who has been in a frantic race or fight.

"I must tell Elsa Sessions," he remembered thinking as he sank off into a blurred condition, half fainting, half sleeping. "But, after all," he reflected the next morning, "she will never believe me. Perhaps I would better keep the strange matter of the Three o'Clock Man quite to himself."

Which he did. So it must have been the Three o'Clock Man who told.—Chicago Tribune.

Mabel's Little Sister.

When you have wanted a little sister very, very badly and when the little sister finally arrives, you are apt to love her far better than anybody else could possibly love her, even your father and mother. Mabel was 7 years old before the long wished for little sister arrived. The first rapture of really having her was dampened somewhat by the incessant crying of the baby.

For herself Mabel didn't mind. Anything the baby did was perfect, but, oh, would the others, who couldn't, of course, worship "little sister" the way Mabel did, get tired of it? One day when the baby had almost screeched her little head off, and all in that inconsequent way of babies, Mabel went to her mother in the first lull and begged absolution.

"You don't mind her crying so very much, do you, mamma?" she said earnestly. "She's so little, you know, and she can't help it yet, really and truly she can't. Please, please put up with it for my sake. And, oh, mamma, no matter how hard she cries you won't —now promise me you won't, mamma —send her away!"—New York Sun.

A Long Way Round.

What is the most roundabout journey that the absence of proper steamship communication entails on the inhabitants of any country? Surely it must be that described by our consul at Loanda, Portuguese West Africa. If one of the 6,000 whites of Angola or 1,700 Europeans in the Kongo Independent State, who so frequently need change of climate, wishes to spend a week or two in Cape Town—which should lie, even by slow steamer, only six days distant—he has to travel 3,000 miles from Loanda to Madeira, catch there a Cape steamer and journey for another fortnight the 4,800 miles to Cape Town. It thus needs fully a month's continuous traveling and 7,000 miles of it to reach a point only 1,000 miles from the starting point.—London Chronicle.

She Didn't Appear.

One day not many years ago there appeared on the bill of a certain place of amusement the fact that Mr. and Mrs. Salvini would present an interesting feature on the programme. Mrs. Salvini's part in the entertainment was the task of working the stereopticon from the gallery, while her husband performed on the stage. Mrs. Salvini's work was well done and was just as important as that of her husband. A reporter, who was to write an account of the programme, however, turned in something like this:

"Mr. and Mrs. Salvini were on the programme. Mr. Salvini was present and did excellent work, but for some unaccountable reason, which was not explained, Mrs. Salvini did not make her appearance."—Detroit Free Press.

GOT THEIR QUARTERS.

She Was Selling Souvenirs From the Southern Battlefields.

They were very busy when she entered, but beauty is far better for the eyes than figures, and they all dropped their pens and looked up.

"What can I do for you, miss?" said the confidential clerk, glacing at her stunning gown and picture hat.

"I am afraid I am intruding on your time," she said sweetly.

"Rest assured that you are not."

She opened a dainty little satchel and brought forth several blocks of wood.

"Gentlemen," she said, "I am selling these souvenirs of Lookout mountain and Chickamauga battlefields for 25 cents each, the proceeds, after expenses are deducted, to go to a deserving charity. These little blocks of wood, of course, possess no intrinsic value but the memories they call up. If you are southern gentlemen, and of course I know by your appearance that you are southern gentlemen, you will think of the valor displayed on those fields by the noble sons of our dear southland every time you gaze upon these little blocks, and a feeling of pride in your ancestry and your native land will swell your hearts with pride."

How much more she would have said can only be guessed at, but of course they would. The staff of clerks passed up their quarters like small boys before the circus wagon.

"Thank you, gentlemen," she said, bowing herself out. "You have indeed assisted in a noble work."

Then came Jimmy, the office boy.

"Say, where did you fellows get them little blocks?" he inquired.

"Bought them from a lady," responded one. "They are souvenirs from the battlefields of Lookout mountain and Chickamauga."

"Did she have on a pink dress?"

"Yes."

"Carry a little satchel?"

"Yes. Where did you see her, Jimmy?"

"Down in a furniture factory asking the foreman for little blocks. She told him she wanted them for a child to play with. Say, you fellows don't know Lookout mountain souvenirs when you see them. Them blocks come outen sawlogs."—Chattanooga News.

Files In Winter.

That flies are present in the summer and absent in the winter is a matter of common knowledge. Just where the flies go to in winter, however, is a question which few can answer.

This mystery as to the whereabouts of flies in the colder months is deepened by the fact that flies, like Adam and Eve, are born fully grown and of natural size. There are no small flies of the same species, the little ones which you occasionally observe and feel being of a different kind from the larger ones.

In winter, if a search of the house be made, these summer tormentors will be found in great numbers secreted in warm places in the roof or between the partitions of floors. Around the chimney myriads of them may be seen hibernating comfortably.

Rank Selfishness.

Clara—I hear, Carrie, that you have refused Frank Swetser.

Carrie—I had to do it. He is so selfish, you know. He told me he could not live without me. Just thinking of himself, you see.—Boston Transcript.

WERE NOT PRECOCIOUS.

Many Notes Men Who Developed Late in Life.

The illustrious poet and novelist, Sir Walter Scott, was an exceedingly dull boy when at school. Professor Dalzell said of him when he was at the University of Edinburgh, "Dunce he is, and dunce he will remain."

Richard Brinsley Sheridan, the eminent Irish orator and dramatic author, was so stupid when a boy that his mother upon one occasion introduced him to a tutor with the remark, "He is an incorrigible dunce."

Dean Swift, the eloquent divine and humorist, was by no means a brilliant boy. He was plucked at Dublin university and obtained his recommendation to Oxford "speciali gratia."

Oliver Goldsmith while a student at Trinity college, Dublin, was notorious for idleness and stupidity. In after years he spoke of himself as "a plant that flowered late."

Dr. Adam Clarke, the English theological writer, was so very obtuse when a boy that his father called him a "grievous dunce."

The poet Thomas Chatterton was sent home to his mother with the very discouraging accompaniment that he was a "fool, of whom nothing could be made."

Scotland's national poet, Robert Burns, was a dull boy, "good at nothing save athletic exercises."

The great Italian dramatist, Vittorio Alfieri, was a most unsuccessful student and left college but little wiser than when he entered it.

When a schoolboy Isaac Barrow was noted for his savage temper, his idleness and his stupidity. He caused his parents much trouble, and his father often said, "If it pleases God to take any of my children away from me, I hope it may be Isaac, the least promising of them all."

Sir Humphry Davy, the eminent English chemist and natural philosopher, was but an "ordinary" schoolboy, giving no promise of future greatness.

Robert Clive, the English general, was dubbed a "dunce" when a boy, and to get rid of him his family gladly permitted him to go as an ensign to India. He fought his way to a colonelcy by the time he reached manhood, distinguished himself in 1751 by his success against the French, and in 1756 saved the English rule in India by driving Suraj-ad-Dowlah out of Calcutta and routing his army. Eventually he returned to England wealthy and covered with honor.

Dr. Thomas Chalmers, a Scottish divine and author, was so dull and cared so little for learning when a boy that he was dismissed from the parish school at St. Andrew's as being a "hopeless dunce."—St. Louis Star.

The Lark's Song.

A writer on "The Wonders of the Spring" says that the volume of sound produced by the skylark is most wonderful. "The lark ascends until it appears no larger than a midge and can with difficulty be seen by the unaided eye, and yet every note of its song will be clearly audible to persons who are fully half a mile from the nest over which the bird utters its song.

"Moreover, it never ceases to sing for a moment, a feat which seems wonderful to us human beings, who find that a song of six or seven minutes in length, though interspersed with rests and pauses, is more than trying. Yet this bird will pour out a continuous song of nearly 20 minutes in length and all the time has to support itself in the air by the constant use of its wings."

A Business Proposition.

Now, here is a poet who is practical enough. He hails from Dooly county, and it will be seen from his letter that he means business. He writes:

"I have wrote a poem about 100 yards long, as nigh as I kin guess. It took me six months an two hours to write it. I ain't no judge of these things, an what I want to know is where I kin hire a good man to read it for me an tell me what it is. To sich a man I will pay $1 a day till he gits through, only he mustn't take too long!"—Atlanta Constitution.

Up to Date "Specialist."

Doctor—I put mirrors in my waiting rooms instead of magazines.

Friend—How does it work?

Doctor—Fine. People are so fond of looking at themselves that they come early so as to have a chance to wait.—Town Topics.

The Boy and the Professor.

"I was mimicking Professor Bore yesterday, and he caught me."

"What did he say?"

"Told me to stop making a fool of myself."—Chicago Chronicle.

For Asthma use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

JAPANESE PILE CURE

A New and Complete Treatment, consisting of SUPPOSITORIES, Capsules of Ointment and two Boxes of Ointment. A never failing Cure for Piles of every nature and degree. It makes an operation with the knife or injections of carbolic acid, which are painful and seldom a permanent cure, and often resulting in death, unnecessary. Why endure this terrible disease? We Pack a Written Guarantee in each $1 Box. You only pay for benefits received. 50c. and $1 a box, 6 for $5. Sent by mail.

JAPANESE PILE OINTMENT, 25c. a Box.

CONSTIPATION Cured, Piles Prevented, by Japanese Liver Pellets the great LIVER and STOMACH REGULATOR and BLOOD PURIFIER. Small, mild and pleasant to take, especially adapted for children's use. 50 Doses 25 cents. NOTICE.—The Genuine fresh Japanese Pile Cure for sale only by

nov 13 1y R. R. BELLAMY, Agent.

We Have Sold Our Christmas Goods!

but we still have a full line of

Groceries,

Which we will sell as CHEAP as any others.

Give us a call and see for yourselves.

Williams Bros.,
Wilmington, N. C.

jan 15 tf

GROCERIES.

CLOSE PRICES,
BEST QUALITY,
PROMPT
SHIPMENTS.

Send us your orders.

D. McEACHERN,
Wholesale Grocer.
304 and 306 North Water street.

feb 11 tf

A. D. BROWN.

NEW SPRING GOODS ARRIVING.

During the past week we received lots of New Goods, which are now ready for your very careful inspection, and we will take great pleasure in showing you the new things, whether you desire to purchase or not. We are headquarters for

White Goods, Laces and Embroideries.

There never has been such an immense stock of Laces and Embroideries shown in this city before. Our Embroideries are manufactured from the very best material, and the work is just simply perfect. Many Novelties are to be seen in our Lace Stock.

GREAT REDUCTION IN THE PRICES OF BLACK CREPON.

Our entire stock of Crepons will be offered at a great sacrifice. If interested, call early and get the best selections. There is nothing handsomer for a Skirt than one of these stylish Crepons.

Agent for Butterick's Patterns.

A. D. BROWN.

jan 20 tf

The Particular Man is . . .

THE MAN WE DELIGHT IN PLEASING IN FOOTWEAR—

as to style, shape, material and workmanship. We have in our salesroom and in transit the swellest line of Men's Dress Shoes ever shown in the city, and at prices that are sure to please.

AN INSPECTION OF OUR SHOES WILL PROVE OUR ASSERTIONS.

Geo. R. French & Sons.

dec 29 tf

J. W. NORWOOD, PRES. D. L. GORE, VICE-PRES.
ANDREW MORELAND, CASHIER.

The Atlantic National Bank, of Wilmington, N. C.

Capital, . . . $ 125,000.00
Surplus, &c., $ 125,000.00
Resources, . $1,571,000.00

DEPOSITS—We want your account. Write to us.
LOANS—Made on best terms.
COLLECTIONS a specialty.
EXCHANGE bought and sold.
SAFETY BOXES in one of the best vaults in the South.

DIRECTORS:

F. L. BRIDGERS, D. L. GORE, S. P. McNAIR, G. A. NORWOOD
E. J. POWERS, H. B. SHORT, W. E. SPRINGER, H. L. VOLLERS
C. W. WORTH, J. W. NORWOOD, J. L. COKER.

jan 22 tf

Statement of Condition of

The Murchison National Bank,

Of Wilmington, North Carolina.

At the close of business December 13, 1900. (Began business March 1st, 1899.)

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts	$365,7?0 56	Capital Stock	$200,000 00
Stocks and Bonds	1,145 00	Profits less expenses	84 921 46
U. S. Bonds	197,100 00	Circulation	146,650 00
Premium on U. S. Bonds	5,690 00	Deposits	434,120 21
Five per cent. redemption fund	7,50 00		
Revenue Stamps	453 00		
Office Furniture	750 00		
Cash on hand and in banks	234,753 11		
Total	$813,091 67	Total	$813,091 67

WE SOLICIT YOUR ACCOUNT.

We can Furnish you Every Accommodation Consistent with Safe Banking. dec 24 tf

BUCK'S STOVES & RANGES "THE PEACE MAKERS"

All we ask is that you just try one of these

Buck Stoves and Ranges. If they do not please you better than any you have ever used, we will take same back without expense to you. We also have a full line of Buck Heating Stoves; and last but not least, the wonderful Comfort Heater. "Great Goods These."

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.,
Purcell Building, Wilmington, N. C.

nov 17 tf

PRUDENT ADVERTISERS SHOULD NOTE THESE FACTS.

THE MORNING STAR

—IS THE—

OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN NORTH CAROLINA.

AND NEVER SINCE ITS FIRST ISSUE HAS THERE BEEN ANY CHANGE OF NAME, PROPRIETORSHIP OR EDITORIAL MANAGEMENT.

IT GUARANTEES A MUCH LARGER REGULAR, BONA FIDE CIRCULATION THAN ANY OTHER DAILY NEWSPAPER PUBLISHED IN WILMINGTON. This claim has never been challenged by any competing newspaper.

For rates and sample copies, address

WM. H. BERNARD,
Editor and Proprietor,
Wilmington, N. C.

The Barber Shop.

It makes no difference whether the weather is hot or cold. You need a nice, clean, easy shave all the same.
We cut hair, too.
As well as shampoo.
GUION & DAVIS,
7 South Front street.

F. S.—Brush the gentleman cop a pie.

jan 23 tf

There Is Nothing Just as Good

nor anything that will cure La Grippe, Croup, Cough and Colds as quickly as Rice's Goose Grease Liniment. No Cure, No Pay.

nov 13 6m

Atlantic Coast Line R. R. Co.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

DATED Jan. 13th, 1901.	No. 23 Daily.	No. 15 Daily.	No. 145 Daily ex. Sunday.	No. 41 Daily.	No. 48 Daily.
	A. M.	P. M	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Leave Weldon	11 50	6 58	.....	.....	.....
Ar. Rocky Mt	1 05	9 08	.....	.....	.....
	P. M.				
Leave Tarboro	12 41	.....	6 00	.....	.....
Lv. Rocky Mt	1 05	10 09	6 32	5 15	10 19
Leave Wilson	1 59	10 47	7 10	5 57	4 40
Leave Selma	2 55	11 16	.....	.....	.....
Lv. Fayetteville	4 30	12 5	.....	.....	.....
Ar. Florence	7 25	2 40	.....	.....	.....
	P. M.	A. M.			
Ar. Goldsboro	.....	.....	7 55	.....	.....
Lv. Goldsboro	.....	.....	.....	6 45	3 30
Lv. Magnolia	.....	.....	.....	7 01	4 38
Ar. Wilmington	.....	.....	.....	9 20	6 00
				P. M.	P. M.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

	No. 78 Daily.	No. 136 Daily ex. Sunday.	No. 13 Daily.	No. 40 Daily.	No. 66 Daily.
	A. M.		P. M.		
Lv. Florence	9 10	.....	7 35	.....	.....
Lv. Fayetteville	12 15	.....	9 41	.....	.....
Leave Selma	1 50	.....	1 35	.....	.....
Arrive Wilson	2 35	.....	12 13	.....	.....
		A. M		P. M.	A. M.
Lv. Wilmington	.....	.....	7 00	2 35	
Lv. Magnolia	.....	.....	5 30	11 10	
Lv Goldsboro	.....	4 50	.....	9 47	12 26
	P. M		A. M	P. M	P. M.
Leave Wilson	2 35	5 33	14	10 45	1 16
Ar Rocky Mt	3 30	6 10	12 45	11 22	1 53
Arrive Tarboro	.....	6 46	.....	.....	.....
Leave Tarboro	3 31	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lv. Rocky Mt	3 35	.....	12 45	.....	.....
Ar. Weldon	4 35	.....	1 50	.....	.....
	P. M.		A. M	P. M	

Wadkin Division Main Line—Train leaves Wilmington 2 00 A. M., arrives Fayetteville 12 05 P. M., leaves Fayetteville 12 25 P. M., arrives Sanford 1 43 P. M. Returning leave Sanford 2 05 P. M., arrive Fayetteville 4 00 P. M., leave Fayetteville 4 30 P. M., arrive Wilmington 9 25 P. M.

Bennettsville Branch—Train leaves Bennettsville 8 05 A. M. Maxton 9 05 A. M., Red Springs 9 31 A. M., Payton 10 41 A. M., arrive Fayetteville 11 10 A. M. Returning leave Fayetteville 4 45 P. M., Hope Mills 5 00 P. M., Red Springs 5 43 P. M., Maxton 6 10 P. M., arrives Bennettsville 7 15 P. M.

Connections at Fayetteville with No. 78, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line and Southern Railway, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 P. M., Halifax 4.17 P. M.; arrive Scotland Neck 5.00 P. M., Greenville 6.37 P. M., Kinston 7.35 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 A. M., Greenville 8.50 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.18 A. m., Weldon 11.33 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.10 A. M. and 2.30 P. M.; arrive Parmele 9.10 A. M. and 4.00 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 9.35 A. M. and 5.30 P. M.; arrive Washington 11 00 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 P. M.; Sunday, 4.15 P. M.; arrives Plymouth 7.40 P. M. and 6.10 P. M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7.50 A. M. and Sunday 9.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 10.10 A. M. and 11.00 A. M.

Train on Midland N. C., Branch leaves Goldsboro, daily except Sunday, 5.00 A. M.; arriving Smithfield, N. C., 6.10 A. M. Returning leaves Smithfield 7.50 A. M.; arrives Goldsboro 8.35 A. M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 9.50 A. M., 3.40 P. M.; arrives Nashville 10.30 A. M., 4.08 P. M., Spring Hope 11.00 A. M., 4.25 P. M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 11.20 A. M., 4.55 P. M., Nashville 11.45 A. M., 5.35 P. M., arrives at Rocky Mount 12.10 A. M. 6.00 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton, daily, except Sunday, 11.40 A. M. and 4.25 P. M. Returning, leaves Clinton 6 45 A. M. and 12.50 P. M.

Train No 78 makes close connection at Weldon for all points North daily, all rail via Richmond.

H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.

jan 24 tf

BANANAS, BANANAS.

25 bunches must be sold, 15 and 20c dozen.

Florida and California Oranges, 25 to 35c dozen.

Fancy Apples, Grapes, Pears, Cocoanuts, &c.

J. W. PLUMMER, Jr.,
304 Princess street.

jan 26 tf

BEDROOM FURNITURE

WHEN YOU KNOW

our Furniture, you know what is good. If you don't know it, it will pay you to get acquainted.

We show an unexcelled assortment of

Medium Priced Bedroom Suites

in new and desirable designs. The material, workmanship and finish is of a high order. These prices talk of cheapness but cannot tell of values.

MUNROE & KELLY,
No. 17 South Front street.
Bell 'Phone 115. jan 29 tf

To Repair Broken Articles use Major's Cement

Remember
MAJOR'S RUBBER CEMENT.
MAJOR'S LEATHER CEMENT.

mar

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, JANUARY 27.

THE NEW CITY CHARTER AGAIN FOR DISCUSSION.

Board of Aldermen Will Further Consider the Redraft as Amended by It Tomorrow Night

City Attorney Iredell Meares has prepared the following statement of changes recommended by the Board of Aldermen to his redraft of the city charter:

To the Public:—The Board of Aldermen, in considering the redraft of the city charter, has suggested the following changes: (1)—The striking out of Section 39 as to the Recorder. (2)—That Section 56 be so amended as to make the bonds issued for sewerage, if the public should vote such bonds, to run not exceeding thirty years. (3)—That Section 55, which requires that citizens may be compelled, when sewerage and water pipes are laid, to connect with the sewerage system, be so amended that in case of any dispute as to the cost of such work, when performed by the city, that the citizen aggrieved may appeal to the Superior Court. (4)—That the provisions in Section 56, as to sewerage, Section 57, as to water works, and Section 58 as to electric lighting, be so amended that any proposal as to the establishment of these by the city, whether by issue of bonds or otherwise, may be submitted to popular vote; that is, that the Aldermen are not be limited to submitting the proposition to popular vote to issue bonds, but may submit any other proposition, whether it includes the issue of bonds or not, when it involves the expenditure of the public money. (5)—That Section 58, as to electric lighting shall include electric lighting or any other system of lighting. (6)—That Section 61, providing that firemen or policemen shall not be discharged by the Board of Aldermen during the term for which they may have been elected or appointed be amended by the qualification "except for cause." It is also provided in this Section that the Aldermen shall have power to discharge. (7)—It is proposed to insert under the sections head "Sewerage System," after Section 56, a section that will give to the Board of Aldermen the power, after sewerage pipes and water pipes have been laid, not only to force citizens to connect with the public sewerage, but to charge them for the privilege of such connection such a sum as in their discretion may be deemed proper, which sum into go to a sinking fund for the repayment of the cost of laying the sewerage system.

The foregoing are all of the changes suggested in the charter by the majority of the Board of Aldermen, who have examined it, except some minor changes merely relating to a clearer elucidation of the meaning of the sections so changed. They do not change the purpose of the Act.

The question as to the proposed Board of Equalization has been approved by a majority at the last meeting of the Board of Aldermen, but it is understood, will be open for discussion again at the next meeting.

The final action will be taken on the charter at a meeting of the board to be held on Monday, the 28th day of January, 1901, at the City Hall, at 8 o'clock P. M. These proposed changes are submitted by direction of the Board of Aldermen for public consideration. All persons interested in this matter, who wish to be heard in favor or objection to any provision of the charter, are asked to attend such meeting and give expression to their views. After this meeting the charter will be put in form as amended and sent to the representatives for passage.

By order of the Board of Aldermen.

IREDELL MEARES,
City Attorney.

SENATE AND HOUSE.

Appropriation Bills Under Consideration. Eulogies to the Memory of Senator Gear, of Iowa.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—The first business in the Senate to-day was the presentation of the credentials of Frederick T. Dubois as Senator-elect from Idaho, and of Shelby M. Cullom as Senator elect from Illinois.

Senator Hoar, Massachusetts, introduced and the Senate passed a resolution asking for all information at the command of the President or any executive officer of the government, as to the extent of lands in the Philippine Islands held for ecclesiastical purposes, the character and value of such lands, and whether any official had, on behalf of the government, entered into any obligation as to the titles to such lands.

The rest of the day was given to the Indian Appropriation bill, the discussion being on the irrigation in the West, and little progress was made.

House of Representatives.

The House devoted the day to the Postoffice Appropriation bill. An amendment restricting star routes bidders to those along the route was defeated by 38 to 47. An amendment re-classifying railway mail clerks also was defeated—48 to 49.

The rest of the day was devoted to eulogies to the memory of the late Senator Gear, of Iowa.

The House Committee on Banking and Currency to-day voted six to four in favor of reporting the Overstreet bill maintaining at all times the parity of the standard silver dollar with gold. Two Democrats, Briggs of New York and Thayer of Massachusetts, voted with the Republicans in favor of the bill.

The report of the Overstreet bill places two gold redemption bills on the House calendar, the Committee on Coinage having previously reported the Hill bill. The measures differ, however, the Hill bill providing for turning the silver dollar into small coin, while the Overstreet bill establishes a parity by making the silver dollar exchangeable for gold on demand at the treasury. Mr. Overstreet was authorized to make the report, and the minority also will make a dissenting report.

IN OLDEN TIMES

People overlooked the importance of permanently beneficial effects and were satisfied with transient action; but now that it is generally known that Syrup of Figs will permanently overcome habitual constipation, well-informed people will not buy other laxatives, which act for a time, but finally injure the system. Buy the genuine, made by the California Fig Syrup Co.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

THE FUNERAL OF QUEEN VICTORIA.

It Promises to Be the Most Tremendous Pageant of the Generation.

THE PROCESSION IN LONDON

Will Be Headed by the King, Accompanied by Emperor William, Riding on Horseback—Great Parade of Military.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, January 26.—The preparations for Queen Victoria's funeral are generally assuming definite form. It promises to be the most tremendous pageant of the generation. The influx of members of the royal families and representatives of foreign countries have been so wholly unprecedented that the court officials are finding it difficult to procure suitable accommodations, the royal palaces being totally inadequate.

The procession is expected to occupy two hours, traversing London from Victoria station to Paddington station, whence the funeral train will depart at 11.15 A. M., reaching Windsor at 11.50. The coffin will be conveyed in the Queen's special saloon carriage, attached to the royal train, built specially for the Diamond jubilee, by which the King and the royal family will journey to the royal borough.

The King, as chief mourner, accompanied by Emperor William, will ride on horseback at the head of the procession through London, with Field Marshal Earl Roberts, the commander in chief of the forces, and staff, in close proximity. At least six battalions of infantry, eight squadrons of cavalry, and a number of batteries of artillery, will participate in the procession, besides the multitudinous assemblage of Peers, members of the House of Commons and court officials of strange title and stranger garb. The streets will be lined throughout with soldiers; but the route has not been definitely fixed. The coffin bearers will be non-commissioned officers from the troops composing the household brigade.

COWES, ISLE OF WRIGHT, Jan 24—Emperor William left Cowes at 8 o'clock this morning on the royal yacht Alberta, to visit Portsmouth and meet Crown Prince Frederick William, who started from Potsdam for England yesterday morning.

The Emperor drove in a closed carriage before the town was astir and only half a dozen persons witnessed his departure from Trinity pier. On the return of the Alberta at 11:20 A. M. His Majesty and the Crown Prince were standing on the bridge of the boat. The Duke of Connaught boarded the yacht and welcomed them.

As soon as Emperor William debarked, his flag at the mast-head was lowered. Carriages were in waiting for the party. Emperor William, looking decidedly pale and careworn, and the Crown Prince sat side by side in the leading landau, with the Duke of Connaught vis-a-vis. The party drove to Osborne, returning the silent salutes of the bareheaded groups along the route.

Queen Lying in State.

A number of leading newspaper correspondents were admitted to see the Queen's remains lying in state to day. The approaches to Osborne House were as rigorously guarded as ever. A cordon of police, the men standing at intervals of a few yards apart, entirely surrounded the building itself. This was the only sign of life. The shades were closely drawn and the royal standard floated at half-mast from the tower. Through the deserted court yards to the Queen's entrance, the representative here of the Associated Press was conducted. It was but a step from the entrance across the hall to the dining room, where the Queen's body rested. The entrance to this room was beautifully draped with crimson damask, and attached thereto were several gigantic wreaths from members of the household. Indian and Highland servants remain constantly on duty, and around the bier stand four guardsmen, with arms folded on their reversed rifles, immovable as stones. The strain is so great that they have to be relieved every hour.

The Floral Offerings.

The coffin itself was only eighteen inches from the flower-decked ground. At its head were the wreaths of the new King and Queen, while on either side were the offerings of the Emperor and Empress of Germany. At the foot was a beautiful floral crown with a golden "B" from Princess Beatrice. But little of the white satin covered coffin or the silk flag on which it rested was visible, being almost hidden by the magnificent white pall and crimson velvet robes of the insignia of the Order of the Garter, the whole being surmounted by a glittering diamond crown, which reflected the lights of the tapers, six feet high, in silver candlesticks. The pall was ten feet long and seven feet wide. Two heavy gold fringes hung from it and in each corner, diagonally, were embroidered the royal arms, surmounted by the crown. This work was beautifully done. The lion is in applique of cloth of gold and the unicorn is in silver, both worked up in silk embroidery. The crowns are in embroidery of silk and gold bullion.

The pall was made by the students of the Kensington School of Needlework under the direction of Princess Christian of Schleswig Holstein.

FIRE IN CHICAGO.

Large Crockery Establishment Destroyed. Loss Over $350,000.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, Jan. 26—The wholesale and retail crockery establishment of Pitkin & Brooks, occupying the entire northeast corner of State and Lake streets, and one of the largest concerns of its kind in the country, was completely destroyed by fire early to-day. For a time the flames threatened to envelop the whole block. No complete schedule of the losses has yet been made but conservative estimates place them between $350 000 and $400,000.

In the efforts of the firemen to protect certain parts of the building where valuable stock was known to be located, a dozen firemen narrowly escaped death from falling timbers and glass, but no one was seriously hurt.

Included in the mass of broken porcelain, china, crockery and glassware, which filled the five floors of the building, is a $50 000 collection of rare porcelains recently brought by the firm from the Paris Exposition.

He Fooled the Surgeons.

All doctors told Renick Hamilton, of West Jefferson, O., after suffering 18 months from Rectal Fistula, he would die unless a costly operation was performed; but he cured himself with five boxes of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the surest Pile cure on Earth, and the best Salve in the World. 25 cents a box. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

PROSPECT OF AN EXTRA SESSION OF CONGRESS.

The President Has Canvassed the Subject With a Few Senators—Nothing Determined Upon.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—That Senators regard seriously the prospect of an extra session of Congress, in view of the President's urgent recommendation of legislation concerning the Philippine islands, was evidenced today by the activity of those who desire to avoid an extra session.

The speculation concerning the probability of a called session was rendered more definite by the fact that Senators known to be generally well informed concerning the President's plans joined in the discussion of the outlook. Careful inquiry also developed the fact that the President has canvassed the subject with a few Senators. He does not appear to have indicated any fixed determination of issuing a call, but rather to have consulted them as to the advisability of such a proceeding. In all such instances he seems to have had the necessity of Philippine legislation in view, and Senators generally express the opinion that in case a meeting is called the Philippine question will receive the lion's share of attention. The urgency of the administration on this point is due to the importunity of the Taft commission.

Senators are divided upon the question of the necessity of Congressional action upon the Cuban constitution. Some of them contend that Congress will not be called upon to act in any way upon the constitution. Others admit the correctness of this view to the extent of saying that Congressional action will not be compulsory, but they advance the idea that the President will desire to have Congress share the responsibility of whatever step may be taken with reference to the Cuban government.

The Senators who oppose the Ship Subsidy bill are especially opposed to an extraordinary session, and will do all they can to prevent the calling of one. Upon the whole, the most that can be said is that both the Executive and the Congress are discussing the wisdom of an extra session and that no conclusion has been reached on the point. They admit the urgency of a number of questions which they know cannot be disposed of at this session. At the same time they hesitate seriously before the responsibility of a called session which it is generally believed would, if called at all, continue until well into the Summer.

ALABAMA BANK FAILS.

A Private Institution at Montgomery. Capital Stock $100,000—Deposits Believed to Be Heavy

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MONTGOMERY, ALA., Jan. 26.—The Josiah Morris Bank, one of the oldest private banking institutions in Alabama, failed to open its doors for business to day. The capital stock of the bank is $100,000. Deposits are believed to be heavy. The assets and liabilities are not yet known.

At the hour of opening the following announcement was posted on the door:

"Yesterday some of our checks in New York, for which we had made provision, were temporarily refused by our correspondents, though they were afterwards paid. This information came to us late after the close of banking hours. Since then a number of inquiries have been made and the apprehension created convinces us that in justice to creditors we ought to suspend payment. This condition of affairs has arisen from inability to make quick realization in cash and the shrinkage of assets. It is hoped that the assets prudently arranged will pay creditors in full."

Large crowds assembled around the bank and much excitement prevailed. No legals steps have yet been taken.

This (Montgomery) county has about $200,000 deposited in the bank, and the city of Montgomery also was a large depositor. The county is partially secured by the bond of the county treasurer, made with a Maryland company, for $120,000. The bank itself was sure ty on the treasurer's bond. The bank was a depository for many of the railroads entering Montgomery.

REVENUE OFFICE RAIDED.

Large Quantity of Stamps Taken—The Amount May Reach Many Thousands of Dollars.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PEORIA, January 26.—The safe in the office of the collector of internal revenue in this city, which is the headquarters of the fifth Illinois district, was broken into last night and a large quantity of war revenue stamps taken. The authorities claim they will not know the value of the stamps taken until the contents of the safe have been invoiced. It is possible that the amount may reach many thousands of dollars. This district issues more internal revenue stamps than any other district in the country, and it is rumored that the vaults contained nearly $1,000,000 worth of stamps.

Entrance to the revenue offices, which occupy one side of the second floor of the Government building, was effected through an open transom. The burglars bored through the vault door and into the bar which turns the bolts into place. Then, by the use of hammer and chisel they broke the bar, took out the bricks at the side of the safe and easily pried open the vault doors.

WRECK ON THE S. A. L.

Engine and Cars Went Through a Trestle Over Edisto Swamp.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Jan. 26.—This morning about 4 o'clock near North's, a freight train on the Seaboard Air Line went through the trestle over the Edisto swamp. The engine was derailed just as it got on the trestle and five freight cars together with two "dead" engines, brand new ones, from the Pittsburg Locomotive Works went down with the structure. Engineer Fetters, of Pittsburg, Pa., who was accompanying the two engines to their destination, (Denmark), where they were to be turned over to the Atlantic Coast Line, was fatally hurt and was brought to the city. One of his legs was amputated this afternoon. It is doubtful if he will survive.

The Appetite of a Goat

Is envied by all dyspeptics whose Stomach and Liver are out of order. All such should know that Dr. King's New Life Pills, the wonderful Stomach and Liver Remedy, gives a splendid appetite, sound digestion and a regular bodily habit that insures perfect health and great energy. Only 25c. at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store. †

CARRIE NATION ROUGHLY HANDLED

Beaten by a Woman With a Broom-stick at Topeka, Kansas.

A LARGE CROWD GATHERED.

Mrs Nation Protected by Police With Drawn Pistols—Addressed the Mob. A Warrant Issued Against Woman Who Assaulted Her.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

TOPEKA, KAS., January 26.—Mrs. Carrie Nation caused a great flurry among the saloon keepers of Topeka to-night and as a result was roughly handled by a mob. Mrs. Nation arrived in Topeka at 3:40 o'clock and immediately hunted up a newspaper reporter, with a request that she be shown some of the leading saloons of the city. Two newspaper men volunteered to pilot her around. She said she did not wish to begin a smashing crusade, but wanted to talk to the liquor sellers. The keepers of the saloons had been apprised of her intentions and when she arrived at Ed. Myers' "joint" on Kansas avenue, she was confronted by the wife of the proprietor, who rained blow after blow on her head with a broom stick, while Myers stood by and encouraged the effort. By this time a large crowd had gathered, among whom were numerous sympathizers of Mrs. Nation. Nobody attempted to interfere and soon Mrs. Myers stopped her assault. Mrs. Nation said she was not hurt by her experience in the least. "What does a broom stick amount to?" she inquired, "to one who has been used to rawhides, rocks and rotten eggs; that woman should be immediately arrested, though. Where is an officer?"

A policeman then appeared on the scene for the purpose of protecting Mrs. Nation. He then commanded the mob to stand back and started up the street with Mrs. Nation, followed by hooting, jeering rowdies who were sympathizers with the joint keepers.

Mrs Nation at last found refuge in the editorial rooms of the Topeka *Capital*, where the crowd was not allowed to enter.

Mrs. Nation then inquired where she could go to swear out a warrant against the woman who assaulted her. Policeman Luster, who was present, volunteered to take her to the city attorney's office. As Mrs. Nation and the policeman stepped from the front door of the *Capital* building, the crowd which had been waiting in the street surged to her. The policeman instantly drew his pistol and shouted above the uproar: "I am here to protect this woman, and I will shoot the first man who makes a move toward her. Stand back, you villians!"

The crowd fell over each other in getting out of the way and Mrs. Nation proceeded to the office of the assistant attorney, where the warrant was sworn out. The crowd attempted to enter the office building but was kept away by the police with drawn pistols.

Mrs. Nation then addressed the mob for a few moments and they gave her attention. She gave an explanation of her action and said she was a lawabiding citizen whenever she raided a joint, as a joint had no rights.

Chief of Police Stahlis is an ardent temperance worker and he will order his officers to protect Mrs. Nation from mob violence whenever necessary.

She will deliver an address to-morrow night in one of the largest churches of the city.

SPRINGFIELD, O., Jan. 26.—Mother Stewart, famous over the world for her crusade in the interests of temperance, when asked to day her opinion of Mrs. Nation and her actions in Kansas, said: "I glory in her!" Continuing, Mother Stewart said: "I was asked a similar question recently by a minister and to him I replied that I upheld Mrs. Nation and believed if I had a husband and sons who were being ruined by the liquor habit, I, too, would develop some of the she bear instinct."

Continuing, Mother Stewart explained that her famous crusade did not begin in the manner adopted by Mrs. Nation; but she called attention to the fact that the towns in which she was creating such excitement were prohibition towns, in which the laws were totally ignored, which might be offered in the way of excuse for such radical measures.

CAPTURED BY THE BOERS.

Train With British Troops and Military Stores--Cape Police Surrender Without Firing a Shot.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

KIMBERLEY, Jan. 25.—A train with troops and military stores on board was waylaid and captured by the Boers at Slijpklip, near Fourteen Streams (north of Kimberley) this morning. The Boers captured a small post of Dublin Fusiliers, then blew up a culvert and waited for the train. An armored train has gone in pursuit of the Boers.

CAPE TOWN, January 26.—Twenty Cape police surrendered to the Boers at Devondale, north of Vryburg, January 21st, without firing a shot.

It is reported that General Prinsloo was wounded in the fighting of January 16th.

PRETORIA, January 26.—The Burgher's peace committee has sent to Louis Botha, commander in chief of the Boer forces, to ascertain if he will receive delegates to discuss the question of peace.

The Boers have summarily expelled all the British, numbering seventy, from Fatersburg, giving no reason for doing so. The refugees have arrived here.

M. Orban de Xivry, governor of the Belgian province of Luxembourg, was assassinated yesterday morning by a man named Schneider, who afterwards committed suicide. Schneider was recently in government employ; he is supposed to have been insane.

Senator Proctor, chairman of the Senate Committee of Agriculture, has presented to the Senate the report of that committee on the Oleomargarine bill. The report is favorable to the bill, but Senator Heitfeld presented a minority report adverse to it.

The President has sent to the Senate the following nominations of postmasters in North Carolina: Victoria L. Martin, Tarboro; C. A. Reynolds, Winston-Salem; Julia A. Ritter, Carthage; A. R. Wilson, Dunn; J. G. Brown, Red Springs; Asaph M. Clarke, Southern Pines; C. M. Hoover, Thomasville.

Do you want 2,000 or 3,000 old newspapers at your own price? If so, call at the STAR office. They make a cheap wrapping paper. †

WARM WIRELETS.

Three children of R. McCarty were cremated yesterday in a fire that destroyed their home in Kansas City, Mo.

Certificates of incorporation have been filed in Dover, Del., for the Coombs Company, Apalachicola, Fla.; capital $100,000.

A dispatch from Tien Tsin says a Japanese expedition has left Pekin, going in the direction of Shan Si province, with the object of scouting.

The Norwegian barque Elizer, from Wilmington, N. C., September 25th via St. Michaels for London, passed Prawle Point yesterday. She was dismasted and in tow.

Charles F. W. Neeley, the former postal official who was ordered extradited to Cuba on charges of embezzlement, left Ludlow street jail yesterday and was taken aboard a steamer for Cuba.

It is announced officially that H. B. Spencer, now assistant general manager of the St. Louis-Louisville lines of the Southern Railway Company, will be appointed to the position of general manager of these lines.

ODD INSURANCE SCHEMES.

Novel Risks Granted by Up to Date English Companies.

It was stated recently as a fact of novel and material interest that it was now possible to insure for the contingency of being the father of twins. And so it is. You can also insure prospective triplets. But that is a small matter compared to the queer risks insurance companies are taking every day. Anything, from the vicissitudes of playing a fast bowler on a kicking wicket to the chance of an heir changing his religious tenets, is now a subject for an insurance policy.

"We insure people against the possibility of any calamity, whatever it may be," said Mr. Armstrong of the Ocean Accident Insurance company to a Mail representative.

"Frequently we are asked to insure against a man changing his name. Say somebody leaves a property to John Smith on condition that he takes the name and style of Howard Montmorency Vandeleur. He wants to borrow money on his property. The lender declines to advance the money on the ground that he has no guarantee that Vandeleur won't return to being called Smith. We insure the lender against that contingency, and Vandeleur (nee Smith) gets his money.

"Another type of case is an insurance against the discovery of a missing man. A prodigal son leaves home for his country's good, and nobody knows where he is. His father, years later, leaves his property to be divided equally among his children. The trustee of the will finds himself in a difficulty. The prodigal may return from his husks, and then the other heirs will have had more than their share. We insure the trustee against the prodigal's return.

"Not long ago we insured a mortgagee against the mortgageor's marrying outside the faith, because such a marriage would have cost the mortgageor his property."—London Mail.

The Kentucky Parson's Guarantee.

A good joke is told on a certain minister of the gospel living in this city who likes to trade horses by way of recreation. By some means the preacher came into possession of a horse that wouldn't pull at all when he came to a hill. The parson found a purchaser who inquired particularly as to age, condition and qualities of the parson's steed. At last he asked if he was a tried puller. "It would do your soul good to see him pull," was the enthusiastic response. The trade was made, and in a few days the new owner came back and claimed the parson had misrepresented the qualities of the animal. "I told you it would do your soul good to see him pull, and would it not have done so?" The purchaser saw the point and dropped the subject.—Winchester Democrat.

A Marvelous Linguist.

Professor Thomas Davidson was a master of many languages. On one occasion he had an interview with the pope. The conversation was carried on in several languages, including ecclesiastical Latin. At this last his holiness remarked that his visitor must be an Italian. "Ego sum Scotus," replied Professor Davidson; "I am a Scotchman."—London Sketch.

For Croup use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

Maxton Building and Loan Association,

MAXTON N. C.

DIRECTORS:

J. D. CROOM, MAXTON.
ED. MCRAE, MAXTON.
A. J. MCKINNON, MAXTON.
G. B. PATTERSON, MAXTON.
R. W. LIVERMORE, PATES.
W. H. BERNARD, WILMINGTON.
M. G. MCKENZIE, MAXTON.

Initiation fee, 25 cents per share. Subscriptions to stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per share.

The management is prudent and economical as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars. J. D. CROOM, President.

Printer Wanted.

A THOROUGHLY COMPETENT AND RELIABLE COMPOSITOR WHO CAN BRING PROPER RECOMMENDATIONS, MAY SECURE EMPLOYMENT BY PROMPT APPLICATION AT THE OFFICE OF

The Morning Star.

jan 24 tf

Armour's Fertilizers

1,450 bags General 3-3-3.
1,140 bags Special Tobacco 3-2-3.
575 bags General Tobacco 3-2-3.
624 bags Manure Substitute 6-4-4.
980 bags 10 per ct. Trucker 6-10-3.
960 bags Tankage 8-25.
620 bags Phosphate 10-2.
1,480 bags Dissolved Bone 13 per ct.
2,110 bags German Kainit 12 per ct.
160 bags Sulphate Potash.
210 bags Muriate Potash.
87 bags Nitrate Soda.
460 bags Dirty Salt.
1,240 bags Cotton Seed Meal.

Letters as to terms and prices cheerfully answered.

W. B. COOPER,

jan 24 tf 308, 310, 312 Nut street, Wilmington, N. C.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ Notices For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

Will the Gentleman who took by mistake black Felt Hat from Barber shop of Brown & Pearson Saturday night return same to Star office and get his? Apply to Foreman job office. jan 27 1t

The Malicious Rumor respecting Wm. H. Moore will and other parties is a lie from start to finish, and when the proper persons are detected they will be prosecuted to the fullest extent of the law. Wm. H. Moore. jan 27 1t*

Wednesday, the 30th inst., from 8:30 to 11 P. M., 25c per will be served in the Lecture room of the First Baptist Church. Also, ice cream and cake. A programme of music and recitations will be rendered. Admission 10 cents. jan 27 3t

Wanted, Manager—Energetic man to manage branch. Old established house. No soliciting; office duties wholly. Salary $125 month and extra commissions. Yearly engagement; chance rapid advancement for man of ability. Experience not necessary. Must furnish good references and $250 cash. Manager, Drawer 74, New Haven, Ct. jan 27 1m*

Wanted—A large wholesale house intends to establish a branch office in Wilmington, and desires manager for same. Salary $125 per month and extra profits. Applicant must furnish good reference and have $500 cash. Address Manager, Box 1131, Philadelphia, Pa. jan 27 3t 80

Widower of 40 years wants wife who would enjoy home more than society; has $30,000, money enough for two, besides good business. John B., box 675, Chicago, Ill. jan 27 1t*

Positions Under the Government. Thousands of appointments will be made from the Civil Service examinations to be held everywhere in March and April. Catalogue of information free. Columbian Correspondence College, Washington, D. C. 201 jan 20 2t*

Agents wanted on "Life of Queen Victoria." ($1.50.) Largest Book; best illustrations. Beat or immaterial; freight paid; credits given. Send 10c for mailing free outfit. Monarch Book Co., Philada., Pa. jan 26 3t if su we

Wanted—Active workers everywhere to take orders for "Life of Queen Victoria," 600 pages, 150 illustrations; lowest retail price; big commissions, credit given; freight paid. Outfit postpaid free on application. Address, Globe Bible Publishing Co., 723 Chestnut St., Philada., Pa. jan 26 3t.

Wanted—Shipments Beef Cattle and Dressed Pork at once. I am also receiving Quail, Eggs, Turkey, Chickens, Furs, Hides, Wax, Cotton and Naval Stores as usual. T. D. Love, No. 114 North Water street. jan 6 tf

Buggies, Farm and Delivery Wagons, Carts, Drays, Harness of all grades, Whips, Lap Robes, Blankets and Storm Covers at very low prices. Repairing of all kinds done. Blacksmith and Harness shops third street, opposite Court House. P. H. Hayden. dec 30 tf

Piano and Organ Tuning and Repairing by people who know their business. The price may be a trifle more, but we guarantee satisfaction. Thirty-five years' experience in the business. Ludden & Bates', S. H. H. 109 Market street; Bell 'Phone 200. oct 27 tf

Land for sale—We have desirable tracts of land for sale in counties of Robeson, Bladen, Pender, Columbus, N. C., and Horry and Marion, S. C. The Worth Co. oct 23 tf

Choice Timothy Hay, Clover Hay, Straw, fresh ground Meal, Pearl Hominy Flour, Grain and everything in the Feed line for horses, cows and chickens. John S. McEachern Sons, 211 Market street. Telephones No. 92. jy 8 tf

Apples, Peaches and Honey—I am receiving daily Apples, Peaches, Butter, Chickens, Eggs, Bananas, Lemons, Oranges, etc. Also, a nice lot of Black Honey now on hand. Persons wishing to buy or ship anything of the kind will do well to see or write me. A. S. Winstead, Commission Merchant, 113 and 115 North Second street, Wilmington, N. C. jy 1 tf

Old Newspapers for sale by the hundred at the STAR Office. Excellent for underlaying carpets, or for wrapping paper. oct 6 tf

THE EXPENSES PUT ON YOUR LAND DEMAND THAT

You Should Plant Only the Best Seed.

WE OFFER.....

Houlton Early Rose and Early Ohio Seed Potatoes. Very fine N. C. Seed Oats. Fertilizers made by the Virginia-Carolina Chemical Co., and Fertilizers not made by that company, at low prices and reasonable terms.

INQUIRIES AND ORDERS SOLICITED.

A Complete line of General Groceries.

Mail orders obtain as much attention and as low prices as personal orders.

The Worth Company.

jan 16 tf

For Sale.

200 Cases Pie Peaches.
100 Cases Table Peaches.
200 Boxes Star Lye.
200 Boxes Mendinson's Lye.
100 Bags Coffee.
100 Barrels Molasses.
25 Barrels Vinegar.
500 Boxes Plug Tobacco.

Cigars, Cheroots, Smoking Tobacco, Matches, Soap, and lots of other goods for sale at close prices.

SAMUEL BEAR, Sr.
Wholesale Grocer,
jan 19 tf 18 Market street.

Seed Potatoes and Guanos.

150 BAGS GENUINE SEED POTATOES.

These are Good Seed Potatoes.

10,000 BAGS FERTILIZERS,

Including Armour & Co.'s Celebrated Brands.

Also, one of the biggest stocks of Groceries in the Carolinas.

GET OUR FIGURES BEFORE BUYING.

D. L. CORE CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
j Wilmington, N. C.

OLD NEWSPAPERS.

You Can Buy Old Newspapers in Quantities to Suit, at the STAR OFFICE

Suitable for Wrapping Paper and Excellent for Placing Under Carpet

Press Boy Wanted.

* * * A boy who has had some
* * * experience in running Job
* * * Presses, and who must be
* * * a resident of Wilmington,
* * * is wanted at the

STAR OFFICE.

jan 25 3t

GOLF! GOLF!!

The lovers of this popular sport will find a good assortment of

CLUBS, BALLS AND OTHER GOLF SUPPLIES AT OUR STORE.

We have exclusive sale in this city for the celebrated "Crawford & McGregor" Clubs, and supply them at manufacturers' prices.

C. W. YATES & CO.,
jan 27 1t Wilmington, N. C.

The People's Savings Bank,

OF WILMINGTON, N. C.

We solicit the Savings Account of every one, old or young. It makes no difference whether the account be large or small.

FOUR PER CENT. INTEREST is paid on all amounts from Five Dollars upwards, interest being computed from the first of the month succeeding deposit.

DEPOSITS made now will bear interest from February 1st, 1901.

The People's Savings Bank,

(Opposite the Postoffice.)

H. C. McQUEEN, President. JNO. S. ARMSTRONG, Vice President.
jan 19 tf F. W. DICK, Cashier.

Wilmington's Big Racket Store

Has now been in touch with its patrons for the past eleven years. It has grown from a very small beginning, step by step, to its present location, where it occupies the entire building covering 19,200 square feet of floor room, which we claim is one of the largest stores of its kind in the State. We have this large store full of goods—all the shelves, tables and counters are well stocked. We have accumulated this large stock of goods by fair dealing, spending less money than we made, giving our patrons big values and getting the money down. To-day we are in a position to buy goods in any quantity and as cheap as the cheapest. If you are a customer of this large store, accept our thanks for your past patronage. If you are not, then allow us to ask, WHY NOT? I stand ready to offer you values in every department that you cannot match or equal.

READ OVER My This Week's PRICE LIST:

SILKS—In changeable colors I have several styles at 22c a yd. Extra quality all Silk Taffeta at 50c yd. 27 inches wide, all Silk Black Taffeta, heavy weight, regular $1.00 goods, for 75c. Black and colored Sateens at 48c per yard. Armure Silk in black only, at 85c a yard. Wash Taffeta, guaranteed not to fade nor rip nor split, something entirely new, at 75c per yard. We have a big line of new Ribbons, all widths and grades. We have a lot new Spikes for Belts, 5c each and 3 for 10c. 120 pieces very fine fancy Ribbons—No. 60c, nice for sashes, belts and dress trimmings—regular 35c goods, now 20c. Four boxes Remnant Embroideries and Insertions in 4, 5 and 6 yard pieces, from 5c to 15c per yard—just a little more than half price.

A big lot of new Sailors and Spring Hats. Banded Sailors at 20c and up to $1.00. I sell any of my Walking Hats, French Felts and all, at 50c each—some are worth $1.50 each. We have a big lot of good Felt Hats at 25c each. Little Boys and Girls' Dotted Flannel Caps, something new, at 20c. A Genuine Leather Cap for Boys for 25c. 100 dozen Men's Hats, a nice, stylish, new Hat, for 50c. A lot of Men's Derby Hats, Rossmore make, $1.25 and $1.50 goods, are now all $1.00 each. Men's Blue Flannel Caps, well made and good quality at 25c.

We have not the room to tell you of the numerous things we carry in stock. We want your trade and are willing to cut the price on any article we sell. Remember to get your card punched with every cash purchase, and spend your ready money where you get the best values—

at 208-210 North Front Street, Near Postoffice and Depot.

GEO. O. GAYLORD,
PROPRIETOR.

jan 27 1t

THE WILMINGTON SAVINGS & TRUST CO.,

108 Princess Street.

INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS AT RATE OF 4% PER ANNUM, Compounded Quarterly.

Deposits received from 25 cents up.

Money can be withdrawn any business day without notice. Amounts deposited after the first day of the month begin to draw interest on the first of the following month. This applies not only to our regular quarters, but to every month in the year.

J. W. NORWOOD, President. H. WALTERS, Vice President.
C. E. TAYLOR, Jr., Cashier. jan 10 tf

Lively and Stylish Outfits can be had from THE S. J DAVIS LIVERY STABLES at the same price that ordinary outfits cost elsewhere. Our equipment is first class and we can furnish all classes of customers with just the service desired.

Stock fed and well cared for at reasonable prices. Particular attention is given to this branch of our business. Mules and Horses always on hand at lowest prices.

Both 'Phones No. 124. No. 208 210 Market street. jan 23 tf

SPECIAL BARGAINS

in Fancy Clocks and Silver Novelties. Will sell at very close profits. Call and examine my line of goods and get my prices, and suit yourself as to where you buy. Notice the Show Windows.

J. T. BURKE, The Jeweler.

No. 27 South Front street.
dec 23 tf

LARGE SHIPMENT.....

Bananas, Oranges, Apples, Pears and Cocoanuts just arrived. Candy Factory in full blast. Don't buy bakery supplies before examining my line.

Andrew Mavronichols,
jan 23 1f 115 Market street, 709 North Fourth street.

Our Loss Has Been Adjusted

with the Insurance Companies, OUR HOME CO., "The Wilmington Underwriters," with Col. Walker Taylor, its efficient, prompt and energetic agent being first to settle.

We wish to thank all the agents concerned who showed us courtesies pending the settlement.

The Fire Sale

is now on, and we are too busy to enumerate the hundreds of bargains we are moving. If you don't get your pick, blame yourself only.

Respectfully,

MERCER & EVANS COMPANY.

jan 9 tf

1 car Seed Potatoes.

EARLY ROSE, PEERLESS, HEBRON and BURBOUKS.

1 car Nails.

COFFEE, SUGAR AND MOLASSES,

AND A FULL LINE OF

Heavy Groceries.

For Sale at Close Prices.

S. P. McNAIR.

jan 20 tf

D. O'CONNOR,

Real Estate Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

DWELLINGS, STORES AND OFFICES FOR RENT. Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, Taxes and Insurance attended to promptly. Money loaned on improved property. nov 1 tf